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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIV No. 14 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1946 Price: 2 Annas

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CONGRESS TO CONSIDER DEMONETISATION OF NOTES

Rajen Babu On Penalising Honest People

ORDINANCE WILL HIT THE POOR HARD, HE SAYS

Death-Blow To India's Credit And Finance Structure

"The question raised by these Ordinances is important enough to engage the attention of those interested in the welfare of the people. The Congress will naturally consider the matter." Thus observed Babu Rajendra Prasad commenting on the demonetisation of currency ordinance.

He added: "A large number of people belonging to the middle and the lower middle classes will be hit hard on account of the demonetisation of currency notes of the value of Rs. 500 and Rs. 1,000."

Penalising The Poor

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16. (U.P.I.): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, member. Congress working Committee, interviewed by the "Daily Tej" on the recent Ordinance of holding high denomination notes, said: "I do not know how far and to what extent the new Ordinance will be able to affect the persons against whom they are intended. One thing is clear. A large number of people belonging to the middle and the lower middle classes will be hit hard on account of the demonetisation of currency notes of the value of Rs. 500 and Rs. 1,000.

He added: "Many of the wartime Ordinances succeeded in complicating the problems which they were intended to solve in creating opportunities for corruption. These Ordinances are not going to fare any better.

"While we, Congress men, have no sympathy for profiteers and dealers in the black market, it is not right to penalise the honest people who in good faith have their savings in notes of now demonetised value".

Dr. Rajendra Prasad concluded: "The question raised by these Ordinances is important enough to engage the attention of those interested in the welfare of the people. The Congress will naturally consider the matter".

SHADOWS OF BRITISH BANKRUPTCY

WARDHAGANJ, Jan. 16 (U.P.I.): "By all canons of monetary principles, a Government which declines to honour its promises to pay is cutting the branch on which it stands, whatever may its obstensible cause for taking such a course be," observed Prof. J. C. Kumarappa, Secretary, All-India Village Industries' Association, commenting on the recent Ordinance of the Govrnment of India, interviewed by the United Press of India to-day.

"In a recent article in the 'Gramodyog Patrika', he continued, I had described the Reserve Bank of India as an 'Imperial Pawn Shop' which takes in as pledges waste paper. This ordinance declares that it is prepared to treat its own promises also as waste paper. So it deals in waste paper on both sides. It is a veritable 'Rudhi' merchant who has lost all sense of values."

Concluding Prof. Kumarappa said: 'Repudiation is taking the place of reputation in British finance. They

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 3)

HOARDERS' GOLD RUSH

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16.

Hoarders of large denomination notes have been buying gold according to reports here.

The Govt. of India are likely to demand from gold sellers names of their customers in order to bring offenders to book, I learn.

No Repudiation Of Liability

Govt. Assurance To Holders Of Higher Denomination Currency Notes

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16 (API): Baseless rumours are afloat, calculated to undermine confidence in the currency system, that as a result of the ordinance demonetising bank notes of the value of Rs. 500 and above these notes have ceased to have their full value, says a Press Note.

This is incorrect and the public need not, therefore, apprehend that these notes held by them do not any longer possess their full value. The ordinance does not involve any repudiation of the liability to pay the value of the notes tendered for exchange along with the requisite declaration.

Section (6) of the ordinance provides that where the Reserve Bank, a Scheduled Bank or a Government Treasury is satisfied that the declaration form is complete in all respects the high denomination notes so tendered shall be exchanged to the equivalent amount into bank notes of the value of Rs. 100. Only where the Reserve Bank, a Scheduled Bank or a Government Treasury is not so satisfied, the case will be referred to the Central Government, which will deal with the matter as expeditiously as possible.

PRINCES TO OFFER SATYAGRAHA?

Suggestions At Delhi Meeting Against Attachment Scheme

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16 (API): A number of princes are reported to have spoken to-day strongly and unreservedly against the Attachment Scheme and against what was described as the practice of thrusting Ministers on Rulers.

The speeches are understood to have made at a general conference of about 200 rulers and ministers held on the eve of the annual session of the Chamber of Princes.

The Chancellor, H. H. the Nawab of Bhopal, presided.

Many rulers stated that under the guise of co-operative grouping many political officers tried to interfere unduly in the internal affairs of the States.

One of them humorously remarked that in every country the sovereign chose his own ministers but in Indian States, ministers were "supplied" to rulers.

TO OFFER SATYAGRAHA

The Chancellor promised to convey the feelings of the Conference on these subjects to the Crown Representative.

The Attachment Scheme was strongly criticised. A ruler suggested that the attaching states should declare their refusal to have any States attached to them. This, in his opinion, would remove the "heart-burning", which at present existed between the Attached States and the Attaching State. A prominent Kathiawar ruler declared amidst applause that he did not want any state to be attached to his state.

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Lathi Charge And Firing

Two Killed In "Savage Use Of Revolvers Against Workers"

CALCUTTA, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): Tear gas was used by the police to disperse a crowd of strikers in a steel factory in Kidderpore this afternoon.

It is stated that the workers of the Braithwaite Iron and Steel Factory went on a stay-in strike as a protest against alleged mass dismissal. Police efforts to persuade them to disperse were unsuccessful. Tear gas was then used and the strikers dispersed.

Later workers of some other factories in the area also came out and marched in procession to Calcutta.

The police opened fire on the crowd of strikers in Kidderpore and also made Lathi charge resulting in two killed and many injured, according to the General Secretary, the Bengal Engineering Workers' Union. He adds that a tear gas attack was also made. No confirmation of this from the police is, however, available.

DEMAND FOR INQUIRY

A workers' meeting held in the evening under the chairmanship of Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, condemned what it described as 'the savage use of revolver, lathis and tear gas against the workers" and demanded an open enquiry into the happenings of the day.

Mr. Bose, in speech, asked the British Parliamentary Delegation to take note of the repressive policy pursued by the Government in respect of the rights of workers and the civil rights of citizens. He also referred to incidents reported from Gwalior in connection with the mill strike there and said that in respect of even the minimum demands of workers, there was no difference between Indian and British capitalists.

TEXTILE STRIKE IN NAGPUR

85 Per Cent Of Workers Down Tools

NAGPUR, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—A general strike by textile workers of Nagpur commenced this morning here today.

The workers of the Model Mills went in as usual, but refused to work. The management of the mill after half an hour's efforts to persuade the workers to commence work switched off the main power station. Thereupon the strikers withdrew from the mill premises. The strikers of the Model Mills who numbered 2,600 remained peaceful.

In the Empress Mills Group a section of workers from the Scheduled Castes Federation known as Ambedkarites, are continuing work in one of the five mills.

A large section of the workers however of this mill kept away. Of the five mills belonging to the Empress Group of Mills, only one mill is working with partial complement.

Strong police arrangements have been made in the Mill localities. Nearly eighty-five per cent of Textile workers joined the strike this morning, in response to the call of the Central Provinces Textile Workers' Federation.

The principal demands of the strikers are, increase in basic wages, dearness allowance, a forty-eight hour week and institution of Provident Fund for workers.

MILL WORKERS' HARTAL IN AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—Several mills have closed down in the city today for want of Muslim workers, as the result of hartal declared by the local Muslim League to protest against the use of tear gas by the police on the meeting of the Khaksars on Monday night. Small processions of Muslim Leaguers are going about the city calling upon the Muslim shops to close down. The bus traffic has been suspended in some Muslim localities.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MARCH)

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.

Previous Closing	24.51
To-day's Opening	24.57
Difference	+06
To-day's Closing	24.55
Difference	+04

STOP PRESS

LAHORE ELECTION ARRESTS

LAHORE, Jan. 16. (A.P.I.): Thirty-seven persons in all have been arrested by the police for various offences alleged to have been committeed yesterday and today in connection with the elections to the Lahore Corporation.

It may be mentioned that the polling is confined to Muslim wards only the Hindus and Sikhs having boycotted the elections to protest against the inadequate representation given to them on the Corporation.

FASCISM IS NOT DEAD!

POLISH DELEGATE PLACES 3-POINT PLAN FOR WORLD PEACE

LONDON, Jan. 16 (Reuter).—Last-minute efforts to obtain a settlement of the Azerbaijan dispute between Persia and Russia before the Persian delegation carries out its instructions from Teheran to put the matter before the Security Council were being made behind scenes tonight, according to reports among UNO delegates here.

The Persia issue, with its implications for the Security Council which holds its first meeting tomorrow, was the main topic of conversation among representatives of 51 nations here, but there was no interruption in the Assembly's general debate, cables Khalek Quereshi, Reuter's special correspondent.

One by one speakers from four Latin-American countries, Norway and Poland outlined their nations' stand on the world's problems ranging from the urgent question of trusteeship to the general difficulties of economic distress and balance of wealth.

At least two of the speakers made points which must have closely interested India's Delegation. M. Trygve Lie, Norway's Foreign Minister, who spoke during the morning session, made three main points:

(1) The great Powers have the greatest responsibility. Sincere and confident co-operation between them is essential to peace. "That is why the Norwegian Government see no objection to the Great Powers being given formal and constitutional influence on world affairs that corresponds to their greater responsibilities."

(2) Norway regards it as the duty of all civilised nations to help towards the development of peoples which have not yet attained a full measure of self-government.

"Therefore, we regard the trusteeship system established in San Francisco as a great step forward, as the expression of the ideals we are fighting for: The great Charter of Liberty."

(3) In this hour of launching of the United Nations, Nazism and Fascism are still alive. "It will be one of the most important tasks of the U.N.O. to rid the world system of this dangerous poison and achieve acceptance of the ideal of democracy by all nations.

M. Lie warned against trying "to divide the world into separate blocks when all constructive forces are really working together for the common welfare of mankind." Nothing, he said, would be more dangerous than if "this new organisation should from the outset be used by any one power for its own particular aims."

M. Vinceny Rzymowsky, Poland's Foreign Minister, in a speech which closed the afternoon's session, declared, "there must be planning on an international scale in order to equalise the standard of civilisation and progress of all peoples and speed up the development of backward countries."

"Let us not forget that Fascism is not dead yet," he said. "It lives lurking in post-war demobilisation and disruption, in nationalism and racialism, in the dark corners of cartels and trusts. It bides its time. It waits for an opportunity."

M. Rzymowski proposed a three-point plan for peace. A permanent peace was possible, he said, if three conditions were fulfilled: (1) Fascism be definitely destroyed and full democracy secured; (2) Co-operation must be secured of the great powers; and (3) There must be planning on an international scale in order to equalise the standard of civilisation and the progress of all peoples and speed up the development of backward countries.

Making the first "Socialist" speech the Assembly has heard, M. Rzymowski warned against the re-birth of "the evil influence of vested capital interests" on national policies. This has happened after the last war, he said, when "Germany was helped in the reconstruction of her heavy industries, which financed the Nazi movement."

Not only peace was indivisible, M. Rzymowski declared, but also prosperity. "There must be a just distribution of the world's resources and the world's wealth.

War ravaged countries ask for co-operation, not charity. Belief given them to-day is a wise policy of erecting the foundations of future prosperity."

Mr. Bevin who, like many other delegates, had not attended the morning's session took his seat in the Assembly to-night a few moments before the Polish delegate spoke.

When the list of speakers for the debate was closed at midday to-day, no Soviet delegate figured on it though the Assembly was still hoping to-night that the Russians would contribute to the discussions and means be found to waive the rules and give them a hearing.

M. Andrei Vyshinsky, Soviet Deputy Commissar for Foreign Affairs, who is to head the Soviet Delegation, was the first expected to reach London to-day, but later the British Air Ministry stated 'he was scheduled to leave Moscow by 'plane at 6 a. m. (G.M.T.). He is still expected to reach London in time for to-morrow's first meeting of the Security Council.'

INDONESIA TO APPEAL TO U.N.O

BATAVIA, Jan. 16 (Reuter): The Indonesians in Java are planning a direct appeal to the United Nations. Dr. Sutan Sjahrir, 'Prime Minister of the Indenesian Republican Government' announced to-day, according to a Netherlands News Agency report.

The appeal would probably be telegraphed or sent by letter direct to London.

Palestine Must Remain Arab

Joint Statement By King Farouq And Ibn Saud

CAIRO, Jan. 16. (A.P.A.): King Ibn Saud of Saudi Arabia and King Farouk of Egypt issued a joint statement today declaring that "Palestine must remain an Arab country".

The two kings thus stepped openly into the current of the tense political situation as the Anglo-American Joint Palestine Inquiry Commission finished its Washington hearings and prepared to go to England and the Middle East for further study of Jewish claims to a homeland in Palestine.

Their statement was read by the Egyptian Prime Minister, Nokrashi Pasha, at a luncheon given in honour of the two Kings by the Pan-Arab League.

It marked the first public comment by the powerful Arabian ruler since he arrived here for twelve-day visit with King Farouk.

His visit so far had consisted largely of colourful ceremonies which stressed Arab unity, but otherwise apparently was not mixed with politics.

The two kings declared that the eight nations of the Pan-Arab League "do not wish more than to live in peace and to live free" but insisted that the League "will take care to defed the rights of all Arabs for liberty and independence."

"We join all Arabs and Muslims in the world" the Kings said "in their belief that Palestine is an Arab country and that it must stay an Arab country.

CONGRESS POSTPONED

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16. (A.P.I.): It is understood that the Congress President will issue a statement tomorrow announcing the postponement of the annual session of the Congress by a month. It is also likely that the session will be held in Bombay.

Mr. Ragunanadan Saran, Mr. Deshbandhu Gupta and Mr. Asaf Ali met the Congress President and other members of the Working Committee and it is understood, explained the steps they had already taken to hold the session in Delhi. Over 2,000 members for the Reception Committee had already been enrolled and a subscription of over Rs. 80,000 had been raised. Much spade work and preliminary arrangements had been done by the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee. A site had been chosen and the architect had completed the blueprint. They had arranged to construct 40,000 huts.

It is understood Mr. Asaf Ali pressed that the Congress should be held in Delhi at the original dates fixed and if it was to be postponed then the next annual session should be held in Delhi.

One of the main rseasons which weighed with the Congress President for a postponement of the session had been the request from Provincial Congress Committees for the extension of time for the hold of Congress Committee elections. The month of May would be very hot in Delhi and the Congress President has therefore decided to hold it at some other convenient place.

Bombay is the most likely choice but a decision would be announced after further consultations with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.

In view of the Congress President's decision a meeting of the Reception Committee convened tomorrow will not be held.

U. S. SILVER FOR BRITAIN

LONDON, Jan. 16 (Reuter): A consignment of 400 tons of silver bars from Nek York arrived in London following a similar consignment last month, each worth about 2.3 million sterling.

These arrivals are officially described as small routine consignments and wholly for British domestic consumption, since Britain's silver stocks are depleted.

The authorities recently promised to consider a request from Birmingham jewellers for more silver, especially for jewellery exports.

Brailsford's Apologia For Labour Govt.

BR. DELEGATION IS LAST STEP TO FREEDOM

Search For Procedure For Transfer Of Power!

"The real difficulty about the Labour Party is that it is absorbed, inevitably and rightly, in domestic issues, neglected by the Conservative Government for a whole generation. They have to deal simultaneously with all manner of domestic and social problems. However, what the new Government lacks in respect of India is not the will to give freedom, but rather detailed information about the details of procedure. That is where the Delegation will play a useful part." Thus says Mr. H. N. Brailsford who arrived in Bombay on Wednesday.

It May Serve Useful Purpose

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"I am really innocent of what has happened in India since the British Parliamentary Delegation came to this country," remarked Mr. H. N. Brailsford, short, a little stumpy, silver-haired, veteran British journalist, in the course of an exclusive interview to a representative of the "Chronicle" today.

Mr. Brailsford arrived by the "City of Hong Kong" this morning. He had come to India once before, in 1930, during the hectic days of Civil Disobedience movement. In those days, he lived and moved with the simple poverty-stricken and unsophisticated Indian peasants. His articles in those days, bore witness to the fact that conditions in India deeply touched him.

After 15 years, he is again in India.

About the Parliamentary Delegation he said: "I think a Parliamentary Delegation may serve a useful purpose by arousing the interest of the rank and file of the Labour Party in the House of Commons. The new party is an able party and among the newly elected members are several young men who have made their mark in the field of foreign policy.

"It seems to me most valuable," he added, "that they should have a chance of informing themselves at first hand of Indian problems."

Mr. Brailsford will be given a reception by the Journalists Association of India, Bombay on Thursday (today) at 6 p. m.

He is likely to be in Bombay for about a week.

Last Step On Road To Freedom!

"The British Parliamentary Delegation presently touring India has a definite message to convey to the people of India—the determination of the British people to take the last step on India's road to freedom," said Mr. H. N. Brailsford, the famous British writer on Indian affairs, in an exclusive interview to the "Associated Press of India" today.

Mr. Brailsford continued: "The purpose of the Delegation, as I understand it, is not so much to inform the British Government, as to awaken the interest of the British Parliament in India. There are in the new Parliament quite a large number of able and new members, especially of the Labour Party, who have devoted themselves to foreign and Indian questions. And I think the purpose of the Delegation is simply to give these people an opportunity of making contact with India at a most critical time in our history.

The most outstanding among the members of the Delegation is, of course Mr. R. G. Sorensen, who has devoted himself for many years to the Indian question. There is Major Wyatt who achieved a great success in bringing about a change in the British Government's policy towards Greece. His success in this direction suggests to me that this Delegation can go back with fresh impressions about India and may be able to exercise a good deal of influence both on the House of Commons and on the British Government. The Delegation surely will be useful, as the impressions of the members

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 5)

JOURNALISTS TO MEET BRAILSFORD

The Journalists' Association of India will give a reception to Mr. H. N. Brailsford, well-known British Journalist, and his wife at the Association premises, Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby road at 6 p. m. (Thursday Jan. 17).

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'Hallettism' To Go?

Speaker's Powers To Be Restored!

(From Our Special Correspondent)

LUCKNOW, Jan. 16: The new Governor of the United Provinces, Sir Francis Wylie, seems to have decided not to follow in the footsteps of his predecessor, Sir Maurice Hallett but to as a constitutional head of a provincial administration, as he is reported to have decided to restore the powers conferred on the Speaker of the Provincial Legislative Assembly by the Government of India Act of 1935, which Sir Maurice Hallett had taken away from him.

It may be remembered that the Hon'ble Speaker of the U. P. Legislative Assembly continued to function as Speaker even after the proroguation of the Assembly after the resignation of the Congress Ministry in October 1939. During the incarceration of the Hon'ble Babu Purushottam Das Tandon in 1940, his powers as head of the Assembly and the Assembly Department were exercised by the Judicial Secretary, but when he was released in 1941, his powers were given back to him, but when he was released last year after his detention since August 9, 1942, his powers as head of the Assembly Department were not restored to him.

Mr. Tandon wrote a personal letter to Sir Maurice Hallett on March 1940, in the course of which he wrote, "It is for Your Excellency to make an adjustment which will permit tolerable working of the present constitutional machinery brought into existence under abnormal conditions and made up of pieces of two machines meant to serve two entirely different purposes," but all to no purpose. Sir Maurice would not and could not adjust himself to the changed situation and he did not restore the Speaker's power until the end of his tenure of the gubernatorial office in these provinces.

I am reliably informed that a letter has now been sent to Mr. Tandon already inquiring if he would like to resume his powers as Speaker. It is hoped that Mr. Tandon will soon be functioning as the head of the Assembly Department.

JAWAHAR'S MESSAGE FOR SUBHAS' BIRTHDAY

BOMBAY, Jan. 16. (A.P.I.): In a message of good wishes to the Subhas Chandra Bose Birthday Celebration Committee, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru says:

"Netaji Subhas has set an example of courage and passionate devotion to the cause of Indian freedom which will live long in India's history. Equally important is the way in which he has demonstrated how to weld the different communities in a common unity."

The birthday of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose will be celebrated in Bombay by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee on January 23.

STUDENTS TO OBSERVE SUBHAS DAY

Mr. Shanti Shah, General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Students Congress writes:

The B.P.S.C. will observe 23rd Jan. as Netaji Subhas Day by observing a peaceful 'hartal' in all the educational institutions of the city and suburbs. The different units of the organisation will celebrate the day in the most befitting manner by organising mass meetings and processions in the city.

I appeal to all students of the city and suburbs to follow the programme of the Students' Congress and pay their respectful 'Jai Hind' to our national leader.

For the same purpose, the B.P.C.C. is organising a city-wide programme comprising meetings and processions. On behalf of the organisation, I request all students to participate in the programme of the Congress.

Netaji the great patriot of our country will ever remain fresh in our memory. Let us refresh our memory by glorifying the deeds of that "Prince among Patriots."

NETAJI'S PORTRAIT TO BE UNVEILED

The General Secretary, Netaji Birthday Celebration Committee writes:

A portrait of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose, head of the Provisional Government of Azad Hind and the Supreme Commander of the Indian National Army will be unveiled at a mass meeting proposed to be held on Netaji's Birthday, 23rd January.

Commercial, social, educational, political, labour and other organisations desirous of garlanding Netaji's portrait and being present on the dais at the time of the guard of honour are requested to get their names registered in the Committee's office at 42, Kennedy Bridge, Bombay, so that, the necessary permits may be issued to them.

SOPHIA COLLEGE UNION SCHOLARSHIP FUND

On Friday 25th and Saturday 26th January, the Sophia College Students' Union is holding an "Indian Fair" in the College grounds in aid of the "Sophia College Union Scholarship Fund" for Poor Students of all communities. The students started collecting funds for the scholarship in 1944 and they would like to see it established as soon as possible.

Their main object is to encourage higher education for Indian women, a cause which should appeal to all right-thinking Indians who wish to see the women of our country take their rightful places in India of the future. They are also interested in fostering a love for Indian culture. The articles displayed for sale at the Fair will represent the arts and crafts of all the provinces of India and the general lay-out has been planned in keeping with the spirit. The students are also preparing a concert of Indian music.

The Archbishop of Bombay, the Most Reverend T. D. Roberts S.J. will open the Fair on the 25th at 5 p.m. and Mrs. H. C. Captain has kindly consented to be the guest of honour on the 26th. Besides the sale of articles, there will be various amusements and side-shows. The St. Mary's High School Band has generously offered its services and will provide music. The public, it is hoped, will give their whole-hearted support to this deserving cause.

Muslims Fare Better In Second Knock

Fine Bowling By Gulam Ahmed And Inayat Khan

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Fine bowling performances by Gulam Ahmed and Inayat Khan who kept a very immaculate length throughout the day was the feature of the second day's play between the Parsis and the Muslims. Their performance was far greater than their figures might seem to indicate.

Faced with a deficit of 99 runs the Muslims fared better in their second venture and had collected 115 runs for the loss of three batsmen. Ibrahim is still at the wickets with 53 runs to his credit.

What promised to be the foundation of a fairly big total when stumps were drawn on Tuesday evening failed to materialise. The Parsis lost four more wickets—Modi included—while the score moved from 111 to 201.

Gulam Ahmed and Inayat Khan were keeping an accurate length and made scoring difficult.

Aibara and Palia resumed the Parsis innings to-day to the bowling of Saeed Ahmed and Gulam Ahmed. The batsmen made a very quiet start. Both were playing watchful cricket and the rate of scoring was very slow. An hour's play this morning saw the total advance from 111 to 148. But then for the addition of only 37 runs, the Parsis lost four wickets including that of Modi.

Palia was brilliantly run out by Anwar Hussein when he had scored 79 (148—2—79) and Modi who came next was held behind the wickets off Inayat Khan before he had entered his double figures (159—3—9). Khot came next and followed Modi to the pavilion after he had scored only 8 runs, Inayat Khan at mid-off making a good high catch off Latif (178—4—8) Aibara who had crossed the 50 mark was the next to go seven runs later. He attempted a big hit off Latif and was held by Abdulla near the on boundary (185—5—64) Lawyer and the left-hander Patel were associated at this stage and they carried the score to 201 without further loss.

The new ball was taken after resumption and Saeed Ahmed and Anwar Hussein were in charge of the attack. With the first delivery of his second over Anwar bowled Lawyer. (213—6—10).

Umrigar came next and runs came slowly as both the batsmen refused to take any risks. With the total at 232, however, the Parsis lost their 7th wicket. Umrigar let alone a delivery from Gulam Ahmed who had taken over from Saeed Ahmed and found his wickets scattered. (232—7—113. Satha came next but was dismissed after scoring only 4, Asghar Ali bringing off a very brilliant catch at cover-point off Ibrahim who took the ball in an attempt to get Patel out. (247—8—4). The temptation to tub Latif proved too much for Tarapore who came next and he paid the penalty. (261—9—8). With Doctor as his partner Patel lashed out wildly at Latif, missed and was bowled. (262—10—34).

THE MUSLIMS BAT AGAIN

Ibrahim and Ahinuddin again opened for the Muslims and started off in bright fashion. But when the score was 26 the latter was bowled by Palia (26—1—8). In his next over Palia was unfortunate not to claim Ibrahim's wicket once more, Patel at short-leg failing to accept a chance. Anwar Hussein came next and got off the mark quickly. Palia struck again when the score was 72 by clean bowling Anwar Hussein (72—2—30). Asghar Ali the next man was content to keep his end going while Ibrahim did the scoring. Palia made frequent changes to unsettle the batsmen but they met with no succes. The first hundred of the innings went up at the cost of only two batsmen. Asghar Ali was the next to go bowled by Tarapore when he had just entered his double figures. (112—3—10). Gazali came next and played out twice.

The score at the close of play was for three wickets Ibrahim (who got his 50 in the last over) and Gazali batting with 53 and 0 respectively.

SCORES:—

PARSIS (1st Innings)

Palia run out	79
Colah c Maka b Gulam Ahmed	19
Aibara c Abdulla b Latif	64
Modi c Maka b Inayat Khan	9
Khot c Inayat Khan b Latif	8
Lawyer b Anwar Hussein	10
Patel b Latif	34
Umrigar b Gulam Ahmed	11
Satha c Asghar Ali b Ibrahim	4
Doctor (not out)	0
Tarapore st. Maka b Latif	8
Extras	20
Total	266

Fall of wickets: 1/52; 2/148; 3/159; 4/178; 5/185; 6/213; 7/232; 8/247; 9/261 and 10/262.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Saeed Ahmed	27	7	47	0
Anwar Hussein	13	6	24	1
Gulam Ahmed	37	13	56	2
Inayat Khan	29	13	35	1
Abdulla	8	0	13	0
Abdul Latif	15.2	4	37	4
Gazali	2	1	6	0
Ibrahim	2	0	4	1

MUSLIM (2nd Innings)

Ibrahim (batting)	53
Ahinuddin b Palia	8
Anwar Hussein b Palia	30
Asghar Ali b Tarapore	10
Gazali (batting)	0
Extras	15
(Total (for 3 wkst.)	115

Fall of wickets: 1/26; 2/72; 3/112.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Khot	8	1	19	0
Palia	12	5	22	2
Umrigar	5	0	22	0
Tarapore	13	2	25	1
Satha	5	1	13	0

AUSTRALIAN TEAM FOR INDIA?

LONDON, Jan. 15 (Reuter).—At a meeting of the Imperial Cricket Conference held this afternoon at Lords, inter-tours were agreed upon as follows: India to England in 1946; M.C.C. to Australia and New Zealand 1946-47; South Africa to England 1947; Australia to England 1948; M.C.C. to South Africa 1948-49; New Zealand to England 1949; M.C.C. to Australia and New Zealand 1950-51; and Australia to England 1952.

Tentative arrangements, which have not been approved by all the Boards of Control concerned and will be subject to confirmation later, have been made for the following interchange of visits: 1946-47 West Indies to tour India; 1947-48 M.C.C. to tour West Indies; 1947-48 India to tour Australia; 1949-50 M.C.C. to tour India; 1949-50 South Africa to tour Australia; and 1950 West Indies to tour England.

C. P. Elections Time-Table

NAGPUR, Jan. 16 (API): Electoral rolls in final form together with the amendments have been published in the Province to-day.

The next stage of the elections to the Provincial Legislative Assembly will be the primary elections in the Scheduled Castes constituencies, which will be held in second week of February. They will be followed by nominations and polling in the General, Mohammedan and special constituencies in the month of March and April. The elections are likely to be completed by April 15.

Sardar Warns Ambedkar

Civil War Will Not Do Harijans Good

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, addressing the representatives of the local Harijan Sangh at Dr. Kanuga's bungalow, said, "that untouchability hampered the attainment of freedom for India. The British Government was not able to remove untouchability in spite of its two hundred years' rule. The first work which the Congress Ministries will undertake on return to power, he added, will be the removal of untouchability and the uplift of the Harijans. Without power what can the Congress do? The Congress Government will rigidly enforce law for the removal of untouchability".

He continued:—"The untouchables are the slaves of the slaves. We ourselves are slaves and are trying to enslave our own countrymen. The Muslims are demanding separation for fear of Hindu Raj. Similarly Dr. Ambedkar has tried his utmost to be separate from the Hindus. He wants separate places for Harijans in all villages and special rights for the Harijans. The British Government which has failed to protect the rights of the Harijans for the last two hundred years will not stay in India for ever. To protect their rights the British are to leave India."

"Dr. Ambedkar even suggested the conversion of Harijans I don't know what religion he follows. His aspirations for his own community are legitimate. But his methods are wrong. He was not counted before the Congress ministries resigned, and when the Congress Ministries are resuming, he will not be again counted as before. His present ways are leading to a civil war between the Hindus and the Harijans which will do good to none of them. The continuance of untouchability for the last two hundred years is due solely to Government. The Baroda State has enacted good laws for the removal of untouchability. Still untouchability is prevalent even there. So long as there are officers who believe in untouchability, it is bound to remain in its present form. When the Congress comes to power it will not tolerate such officers. The poison which Dr. Ambedkar spreads will ultimately prove ruinous to the Harijans. Even if they have the right to remove untouchability by force. They have not the power to enforce that right, and it is not the proper way. When Dr. Ambedkar took up the challenge to fight the Congress the Government instilled him at the centre.

Concluding Sardar Patel assured the supressed classes that when the Congress came to power it would first undertake the work of their uplift. "The Congress has made this clear". He said, "in its election manifesto". Mahatma Gandhi fasted when Government proposed the separation of Harijans from the caste hindus. The Poona pact which was signed by Dr. Ambedkar has benefitted the Harijans by giving them more seats. Still Dr. Ambedkar continues abusing the Congress and Gandhiji. Gandhiji is not pained thereby, but the Harijans stand to lose."

DID MAHATMA DECLINE TO MEET AMBEDKAR?

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Labour member, Government of India, in reply to the addresses presented by the Depressed Classes Federation and the Municipal Workers Federation, referred to the series of Gandhi-Jinnah talks in Bombay and said that some six months ago he had written a letter to Mahatma Gandhi, but Gandhiji declined to meet him, saying that there was nothing common in their angles of vision.

U. P. STUDENTS TO OBSERVE HARTAL

Protest Against Govt. Repression

LUCKNOW, Jan. 15 (API): The Executive Committee of the U. P. Students Congress concluded its deliberations yesterday after passing a resolution condemning "the repressive measures adopted by the Government to crush the students' movement in the Province in general and the victimisation of students of Cawnpore and Bareilly in particular" and calling upon the students of the Province to observe January 22 as anti-repression day by declaring general strike in all the educational institutions of the Province.

RAILWAY OFFICIAL SHOT DEAD

Outrage In Train While He Was Travelling On Business

PATNA, Jan. 16 (API): Mr. Kailash Chand, Assistant Superintendent Works, East Indian Railway, was shot dead while travelling on the Gomoh-Barkakana section of the railway, according to information received here.

Mr. Kailash Chand, who was travelling on official business it is stated, boarded the train which left Barkakana in the evening and was alone in a first class compartment, his subordinate staff being in other carriages.

When the train reached Burma station he is said to have been found dead on the floor of the compartment lying in a pool of blood. A bullet wound was found to have pierced through his body and the bullet itself was discovered in the compartment.

Banish Chest-Crushing BRONCHITIS

ARE you conscious of Bronchitis tightening its crushing coils about your chest? Are you continually gasping for breath—or racked by coughing until it feels as if your head must burst? If so, take Peps antiseptic, breatheable tablets and benefit from the wonderful relief they give.

Dissolved in your mouth a Peps releases rich, medicinal essences, which mix with your breath and are carried deep into your lungs. Thus, Peps cut choking phlegm, relieve congestion in the air tubes, stop coughing, remove chest tightness and aid the breathing. Peps quickly soothe your throat and strengthen your lungs.

To preserve the rich concentrated essences in Peps they are packed in glass bottles and sealed with wax. Every package contains a corkscrew and full directions printed in leading languages.

Take PEPS Breatheable Tablets

225

THIS IS NOT A PROSPECTUS BUT AN ANNOUNCEMENT

A COPY OF THE PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, BOMBAY.

(Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue of capital on usual condition.)

THE SUBSCRIPTION LIST WILL OPEN ON MONDAY THE 21ST AND WILL CLOSE ON THURSDAY THE 31ST OF JANUARY, 1946.

BOMBAY POTTERIES & TILES LTD.

Authorised Capital - - Rs. 25,00,000

DIVIDED INTO

1132 6½% (less income tax) Cumulative First Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each Rs. 1,13,200

8868 4½% Free of income tax Cumulative Second Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each. „ 8,86,800

15000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100/- each „ 15,00,000

Rs. 25.00.000

SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP CAPITAL:

1132 6½% (less income tax) Cumulative First Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each. Rs. 1,13,200

593 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100/- each „ 59,300

Rs. 1,72,500

PRESENT ISSUE OF CAPITAL:

8868 4½% free of income tax Cumulative Second Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each Rs. 8,86,800

14407 Ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each „ 14,40,700

Rs. 23,27,500

The Directors, their friends and the existing Shareholders have taken up 4822 Ordinary shares and 3453 Second Preference shares of the face value of Rs. 8,27,500.

UNDERWRITING

The remaining 9585 Ordinary Shares and 5415-4½% free of Income-tax Cumulative Second Preference Shares have been underwritten by Mr. Harkissondas Lukhmidass, Share and Stock Broker, 5 Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay the underwriting commission being 3% inclusive of 1% brokerage payable to certified brokers. In the opinion of the Directors the resources of the said underwriter are sufficient to discharge the underwriting obligations. Out of the above 2085 Ordinary and 415 Second Preference of the aggregate nominal value of Rs. two lacs fifty thousand are already applied and reserved.

THE REMAINING 7,500 ORDINARY SHARES AND 5,000 SECOND PREFERENCE SHARES OF THE AGGREGATE NOMINAL VALUE OF RS. TWELVE AND HALF LACS ARE NOW OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

Share subscription will be payable as:

Rs. 25/- .. on Application
Rs. 25/- .. on Allotment &
Rs. 50 by two calls. Calls will not be made earlier than three months after the Allotment and the interval between two calls will not be less than six months.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Sir CHUNILAL BHAICHAND MEHTA Kt., J.P. (Chairman) Merchant, Bombay, 2.

K. H. GOREGAOKER, Esqr., B.A., LL.B., J.P., Solicitor and Notary Public, Gamdevi, Bombay 7.

MOTICHAND G. SHAHA, Esqr., B.A., J.P., Merchant, Fort, Bombay.

JAMNADAS KHERAJBHAI LADIWALA, Esqr., Merchant, Bombay 4.

PREMCHAND CHATURBHUJ BHAYANI, Esqr., Merchant, Bombay No. 2.

MADANMOHAN R. RUIA, Esqr., Merchant, Bank Street, Bombay.

CHIMANLAL DAHYABHAI PARIKH Esqr., Merchant, Pydhonie, Bombay.

V. NIMBKAR, Esqr., Merchant Khar, Bombay.

A. S. REDDEYAR, Esq., Merchant, Ratendone Road, New Delhi.

CHUNILAL P. SHAH, Esqr., Pottery Expert (Ex-Officio), Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4.

BANKERS

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD., Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA LTD., Bombay.

THE NEW CITIZEN BANK OF INDIA LTD., Bombay.

THE HINDUSTAN COMMERCIAL BANK LTD., Bombay.

SOLICITORS

Messrs. Sabnis Goregaoker & Senjit, 41A, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUDITORS

Messrs. Nanubhai & Co., Fort, Bombay.

MANAGING AGENTS

Messrs. C. J. MOTICHAND & CO.,

REGISTERED OFFICE

United India Building, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

The Company was incorporated in 1933.

The Company began to manufacture since 1936 and is at present working at its full capacity. It produces Sanitary wares, Glazed tiles, Acid Proof, Vitreous tiles, Acid Resisting Chemical Wares and fittings, special refractories for smelting furnaces, Porcelain Thread Guides, for Cotton and Silk Mills, Laboratory Accessories, Crockery and Decorative wares etc.

The capacity of the present factory being small the Company has not been able to meet the increasing demands from all over the country. It is also proposed to manufacture articles like electrical insulators and accessories for which large demand is expected in view of the proposed electrification of urban and rural areas. It is therefore, proposed to extend the factory and equip the same with latest machinery and plant.

The result of working of the last three years.

	1942-43	1943-44	1944-45
Profit Gross.	Rs. 69,131-6-0	Rs. 73,137-13-0	Rs. 75,738-9-8
RATE OF DIVIDEND			
To Preference Shareholders.	6½% (less Incometax)	6½% (less Incometax)	6½% (less Incometax)
To Ordinary Sharholders.	Rs. 5/- per Share (free of incometax)	Rs. 9/- per Share (free of incometax)	Rs. 9/- per Share (free of incometax)

PRESENT FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY AS ON 30TH SEPT. 1945

Share Capital	Rs. 1,72,500/-
Investment in Govt. Securities	„ 1,34,871/-
General Reserve Fund	„ 30,000/
Machinery, Furnaces, Building etc.	„ 1,11,015/-
Depreciation	„ 54,776/-
Outstanding Recoveries	„ 35,218/-
Outstanding Liabilities	„ 35,160/-
Cash Balance at Banks and at hand	„ 1,84,999/-
(This includes Rs 1,73,775 in respect of application money against issue of New Shares)	
Sale during the year	„ 3,02,923/-

TECHNICAL EXPERT

Mr. C. P. Shah, one of the promoters of this Company and a Member of the Managing Agents' firm is also the Company's Expert. He possesses wide knowledge and experience of this Pottery Industry. Mr. Shah is the Hon. Pottery Expert to the Department of Industries, Government of Bombay. He is the President of the Indian Ceramic Society and a member of the Industrial Panel for Refractories and Ceramics appointed by the Department of Planning & Development, Government of India for Post War Development of the Pottery Industry.

BROKERAGE

Brokerage will be paid at the rate of Re. 1/- per share to recognised brokers on shares allotted.

APPLICATION FOR DEALINGS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

An application will be made to the Native Share and Stock-brokers' Association, Bombay for placing the Shares on the list of Shares for which dealings are permitted by the said Share and Stock-brokers' Association.

INSPECTION

The Memorandum and Articles of Association and the Agreement between the Company and Managing Agents will be available for Inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during the office hours on any working day except Sundays and holidays.

In allotting Preference Shares preference will be given to such applicants who have also applied for Ordinary Shares.

Copies of the Prospectus and Forms of Application for Shares can be had from the Registered Office of the Company and from the underwriter.

Dated 8th day of January, 1946.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

INDIAN NATIONAL THEATRE'S
GLORIOUS CREATION

AWAZ

HINDUSTANI DRAMA

20th & 27th at 10-0 A. M.

Advance Booking between 10 to 12 & 4 to 6 at the Theatre

EXCELSIOR

PANCHOLI ART PICTURES

DHAMKI

4th WEEK—*Famous Thriller*

MINERVA

Daily: 4, 7 and 10
Sun. Holidays: Matinees at 1-0
Plans open (box-balcony) 10 to 12

12th TRIUMPHANT WEEK

MINERVA'S Mammoth Hit

EK DIN KA SULTAN

Directed By: SOHRAB MODI
Starring: MEHTAB
Daily: 4, 7, 10: Sun. 1 p.m.

NEW WEST END

6th WEEK AT CAPITOL

PRAKASH PICTURES
POPULAR SOCIAL

HAMARA SANSAR

4, 6-45 & 9-30: Mat. Sun. 1 p. m.
Reservation: 9-30 to 12-30 & 5-00 to 7-00
(EVERGREEN Release)

A DRAMA OF LIFE!
EASTERN PICTURES'

ZEENAT

Directed by: SHAUKAT HUSSAIN
Starring: NOOR JEHAN
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sun. 1 p. m.
9TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK

SUPER
A "Salma" Release

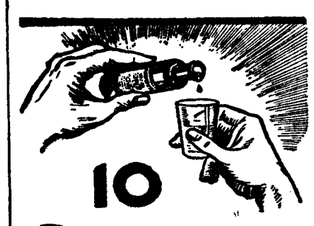
NEVER BEFORE SUCH GLOWING ROMANCE!

JAMUNA Productions' Musical Hit

RATTAN

Starring: SWARNALATA, KARAN DIWAN & WASTI
Plans Open: 10 to 12, 4 to 6 P.M.
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 P.M.
A DIAMOND-SELECT Release.
IMPERIAL

MENTMORE
FOUNTAIN PENS
Difficult to obtain but worth trying for



WILL BRACE AND INVIGORATE YOU

Phosferine is the finest tonic for strengthening you. When you feel gloomy and depressed Phosferine enables you to keep carrying on. It puts back what you have taken out of yourself—Strength, energy and youthful vitality. Get a bottle of this really great tonic now!

ASK FOR PHOSFERINE LIQUID
Tablets will again be available when conditions return to normal.

PHOSFERINE

For all disorders caused by exhaustion of the nervous system.

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TOMORROW, SATURDAY, SUNDAY 9-30 A.M.

PRITHVI THEATRES' *Popular Stage Hit*

DEEWAR

Rates As Usual
And Plans Open
Royal Opera House

****

4TH RAMOLA WEEK!
TALWAR Productions'

ALBELI

Starring: RAMOLA
Daily, 4, 7, 10, Sun. 1 P. M.
CENTRAL

FAIRIES WITHOUT WINGS ARE FLYING DOWN TO BOMBAY TODAY!

ACHARYA ART'S Gay Musical

Producer: N. R. ACHARYA
Directed By: MAHESH KAUL

PARISTAAN

Starring: ANJALI DEVI, PAHARI SANYAL, PADMA BANNERJI, AMRITLAL, RANJIT-KUMARI, KAMAL ZAMINDAR, MONI CHATTERJI and SUNALINI DEVI.

Plans Open:
10 to 12, 3 to 6 P.M.
Daily 4, 7 & 10 P.M.
Thurs., Sat., Sun. 1 P.M.

TODAY AT 1 P.M.

SWASTIK

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Shud 15, 2002.
Muslim: Safar 11, 1365.
Parsi: Amerdad 15, 1315.
Sunrise: 7-18 a.m., Sunset 6-22 p.m.
Hightide 11-07.
Lowtide 5-09.

To-day's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Attention of Jurors summoned for the Fourth Criminal Sessions of 1945 is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

BUDDHA DUTA SOCIETY will celebrate the Pansya Full Moon Day at Buddha Vihara, Worli, today (Thursday) at 5 p.m.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY: Opening of Society's 55th annual art exhibition will be today (Thursday) the 17th January at 5-30 p.m. and not on Friday the 18th idem.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF POLITICS, ECONOMICS & SOCIOLOGY: Sociology Group will meet today (Thursday) at 6 p.m., at Arya Bhuvan, Sandhurst Road (West), when Mr. Rohit Dave will continue reading his paper on "Indian Village Communities". Dr. M. V. Moorthy, of Tata Institute of Social Sciences will preside.

BOMBAY PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION: Mr. Abraham Solomon will speak on 'Psychology and Religion' at Wilson College today (Thursday) at 6 p.m.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION: Muslim League candidates (Bombay City and Suburbs) including the woman candidate for the ensuing elections to the Provincial Legislative Assembly, will speak on "Future of Muslim India" today (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m. at Anjuman-e-Islam High School. Mr. Akbar A. Peerbhoy will preside.

INDIAN FEDERATION OF LABOUR & RADICAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY: Public reception to Messrs. V. B. Karnik and Nirmaldas Gupta, delegates to Coal Mining Committee of I.L.O., London at Servants of India Society Hall, at 6-30 p.m. today (Thursday).

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner and Councillors of Ward No. 2— Fort-Northern Esplanade —will meet near Municipal Head Office on Friday at 8-30 a.m. to go round the ward. Residents who have any difficulties are invited to be present.

F.S.U. ART GROUP: Mr. R. Chatterjee will give talk on "Influence of Ajanta on Indian Art" at Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall today (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. Mr. R. G. Gyani will preside.

SUBHAS BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION COMMITTEE: An urgent meeting of the Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose Birthday Celebration Committee will be held today (Thursday) at 9 p.m. to discuss the final programme of Netaji's birthday celebration of 23rd instant.

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ANNUAL MEETING

The Election of the President, Vice-President and the Board of Directors of the Seeds Traders' Association Ltd., will be held to-day from 12 to 5-30 p.m. and the Nineteenth Annual General Meeting of the Association will be held on Monday, the 21st January 1946 at 3-15 p.m. (S.T.) at Jenabai Building, Musjid Bunder Road, Bombay.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We have received the following:—Wall Calendars from Polson, Ltd. A wall calendar from the Pioneer Tannery, Calcutta. A wall calendar from Premnath Transport Co., Calcutta. A wall calendar from Ahmed Abdulla Allana and a wall calendar from Padhye's Shorthand & Typewriting Institute.

ANNOUNCEMENT

MR. T. G. BUTANEY, B. A., S. T. C. D., Commercial Astrologer of Karachi, is in Bombay at present. All interested in the future course of prices of cotton, bullion and shares during the whole year 1946 and those desirous to learn the science of Forecasting Prices of the above in three weeks may see him at the Great Eastern Hotel, Room No. 4, Near General Post Office, between 8-00 and 11-00 A. M. or by appointment. No previous knowledge of astrology is necessary. Phone No. 27377.

INTERNATIONAL CONTEMPORARY

ART EXHIBITION

Organised by the

ALL INDIA FINE ARTS & CRAFTS SOCIETY.

66, Queensway, NEW DELHI.

To be opened by H. E. THE VICEROY.

EXHIBITION of works by International Contemporary Artists will be held in New Delhi at the end of February, 1946, under the patronage of H. E. Viscountess Wavell C. I.; H. E. The Commander-in-Chief; The American Commissioner, George R. Merrell, Esqr.; Leading Princes and important personages and business magnates of India. French Gallery already despatched works of contemporary masters including Picasso, Matisse, Braque, Segonzac, Duffy etc. America has despatched finest examples of graphic art. Works of art from other countries are also expected. Paintings by Indian Masters are assured. Village arts and crafts from Indian States will be exhibited. Railways are co-operating by allowing concessions. Exhibition will be taken to important cities and Indian States after the Delhi Exhibition is over. Generous prizes will be awarded in various mediums and forms of art, including arts and crafts. Last date of receiving exhibits extended to 10th February. For particulars write to Major W. B. Henderson, Viceroy's House, New Delhi, or to Anil Roy Choudhury of the Society.

UDWADA PARSI'S WILL CONSTRUED

Bequest To Hospital Held Void

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kania).

Pirojbai P. Khambatta and others executrix and executors of the Will of Dinshawji Adarji Tata, deceased .. Plaintiffs.

vs.

Pirojbai Temulji and others .. .. Defendants.

One Dinshawji Adarji Tata died at Udwada on 9th September, 1943, leaving a Will dated 30th December, 1942, and a Codicil, of which the plaintiffs were the proving executrix and executors. He left behind him his widow who died soon after him on 26th July, 1944, next of kin (defendants 1 to 13) and an estate worth well over a lakh. After giving legacies to his nephews and nieces, by clause 4 of his Will, the testator left Rs. 12,000 to one Dorabji Rao for the performance of Baj-Rojgar ceremonies permanently.

By clause 6 of his Will, he directed that Rs. 30,000 which would revert to his estate after his wife's death from a trust created by him for her, were to be paid to the Parsi General Hospital for the maintenance of beds in his name.

The widow having died, this bequest came into effect. The testator then went on to provide that should the bequest to the hospital fail for any reason, the amount of Rs. 30,000 was to be given to the plaintiff-executors absolutely in equal shares "and I am sure that they will make a good use of the entire sum received by them whereby my aforesaid object may be satisfied."

By his Codicil, he directed that with regard to certain legacies of Rs. 5,000 given by his Will but cancelled by his Codicil, his executors were to "pay the same according as they may deem fit and in such manner that I may be well spoken of."

His Lordship held that the bequest of Rs. 12,000 for Baj-Rojgar was a charitable bequest which was void by reason of Section 118 of the Succession Act—the testator having died within a year of making the Will and the Will not having been deposited with the Registrar as required by that section. The amount, therefore, went to the heirs of the testator as on an intestacy. His Lordship was of opinion that the bequest was also void as being vague as to the persons whose Baj-Rojgar were to be performed.

His Lordship held that the bequest of Rs. 30,000 to the Parsi General Hospital was also void under Section 118, and that amount went to the executors equally. His Lordship was of opinion that the executors took absolutely, there being no legal obligation on them to give the amount to the Parsi General Hospital but that it was a matter between each executor and his conscience, as the precatory words used gave rise to a moral obligation to use them for that purpose. His Lordship further held that the direction in the Codicil as to the cancelled bequest was vague as to whom and for what the executors were to pay the amount, and was therefore void and went to the heirs as on an intestacy. His Lordship answered the questions raised by the Originating Summons accordingly.

Mr. K. H. Bhabha, Mr. V. F. Taraporewala and Mr. R. B. Andhyarijina instructed by Messrs. Smetham Byrne and Lambert appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. M. V. Desai instructed by Messrs. Asrut E. Gandhi and Co., appeared for the defendants.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

THURSDAY, Jan. 17.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8.0 a.m. News (H) 8.15 News (E) 8-30 Shaikh Chand (Nagpur) 8.45 Vithaldas Shirke 8.50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9.10 Programme 9.15 Bhimsen Joshi (Vocal) 9.45 String Music. 12-30 p.m. Songs (H) 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 News (H) 1.0 Selection 1-30 News (E) 1.40 Lunch Hour Music 2.30 For Women 4-20 School Broadcast 5.0 V. K. Kunte 5.30 Shantilal B. Shah 5.45 Topical Talk 5.55 Locals 6-0 D. M. Ebrahim (Vocal) 6.30 News (E) 6.40 News (H) 6-45 V. K. Kunte (Vocal) 7.5 String Music 7.15 Sheikh Chand 7.30 Vimal Narvekar 8.0 Khetar Ane Khedut (G) 8-15 News (M) 8.30 News (G) 8.45 Shanti Lal B. Shah (G Songs) 9.0 News (H) 9.20 News (E) 9.30 B. B. C. News 9-40 String Music: Darbari 9.45 Sports Review 10.0 Silloo Panthaki (Violin) 10.15 Interlude 10.20 Urban De Lima: Baritone 10.30 Interlude 10.35 Phyllis Jeffery: Contralto 10.45 Leopold Godowsky.

GOVT. WILL BROOK NO "GOONDAISM" AT FORTHCOMING ELECTIONS

Colville's Assurance At Police Parade

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A ceremonial parade of the Bombay City Police Force was held at Naigam Police Headquarters this morning. Sir John Colville, the Governor of Bombay took the salute. The city police band was in attendance.

Sir John who was welcomed by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, awarded a Khan Bahadur medal to Superintendent, Sheikh Husein of the city police force. He also made a award of the Indian Police Medal on Inspector Hebbert, Inspector Deshpande and Inspector Mathkan.

In a brief speech the Governor praised the services rendered by the Police in maintaining law and order in the city during the difficult years of the war. The forthcoming elections to the Provincial Legislature, he said, would be an additional burden on the city police.

The Government of Bombay, he declared, was resolved to insure that the elections were held in an atmosphere of tranquility and freedom. He said he would take every step to secure such an atmosphere, so that people could vote freely and disturbances and the unlawful use of force might be prevented.

The Government, he said, counted not only upon the courage, but also upon the fairmindedness of the Police to achieve these objects.

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN DAY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The eighth foundation day celebration of the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan were held at the Bhavan's premises at Chowpatty. The Hon'ble Mr. Justice N. H. Bhagawati who delivered the inaugural address said:—

"Indian culture preaches that far above material surroundings and well being, there is the soul of man which cannot be appeased, which cannot realise itself. Whatever material acquisition a man might gain the soul of man cannot realise itself by mere material acquisitions".

The foundation of the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan is an all-embracing attempt to revive and resuscitate Indian culture which the upheavals caused by the incursions of foreigners had for a time submerged."

Mr. K. M. Munshi, who presided, stated that modern civilisation and Indian culture did not mutually exclude each other. Modernity was a relative term. Westernism, the expression of the beast in man, is a temporary phase. Research was necessary to reconstruct the past, understand the present and prepare for the future. But a post mortem examination of India's past by dissection was not the study of her culture. Study of the detached wars, reigns, biographies and works was only a mean but the end was to create a synthesis which is India.

Late Sultan Padamsee

Youth Of Great Promise To Whom Drama And The Stage Was A Passion

Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya writes:—

The unexpected death of Sultan Padamsee removes from our midst a youth of great promise and will be greatly mourned by all his friends and colleagues. He was an artist but noe a mere dreamer. One of his great passions was the drama and the stage. With unflagging zeal and matchless industry he had devoted himself to the building up of the Theatre and make it the monumental work of his life. He attracted to himself a band of young people, firing them with some of his own fire and fervour and there was born the Theatre Group, which recently put on a number of plays and made its mark. In young Padamsee the Theatre had one of its most ardent devotees, one who had fates been only kind, would have served it well and brilliantly.

But fates have been unkind and he has not been spared to fulfil his noble mission. But he has left this unfulfilled dream as a legacy to those who hold the cause of the Theatre dear. It is proposed to hold a meeting in his memory to give his friends and admirers to meet and pay their tribute to him, at the Indian Merchants' Chamber, on Monday, 20th January at 10 a.m. All those who wish to associate themselves with Sultan Padamsee and his work are cordially invited to attend, particularly those who are connected.

MUNICIPALITY'S ARRANGEMENT WITH TATAS

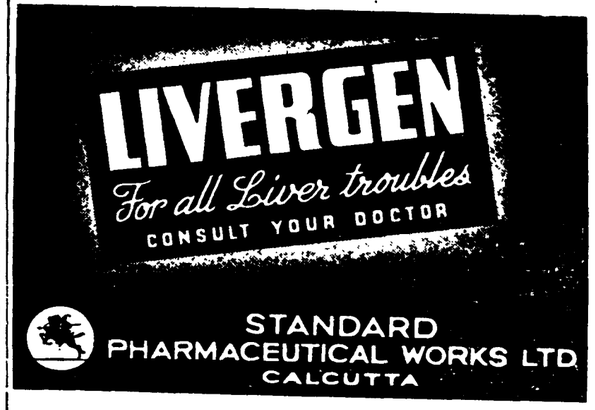
The Municipal Commissioner has made the following arrangement with the Directors of Messrs. Tata and Sons Ltd. in regard to the augmentation of water supply in the city. The Commissioner thinks this is satisfactory and he has also asked the Government of Bombay for a loan of an engineer from the P.W.D. to make the necessary survey: The arrangement with the Tatas is as under:

1. "The Andhra Company is agreeable to the Municipality utilising the 100 feet of head available on the Company's property and taking whatever water is discharged into the tailrace up to 100 million gallons per day, at any point they like.
2. In the event the Andhra Company should later decide to proceed with its plan to construct a low head plan, this will not be allowed in any way to affect the Municipal water supply scheme because only the water remaining after the Municipality has obtained its full requirements will be utilised for the purpose of power generation.
3. Whatever future developments may take place in the Hydro-Electric System, the minimum quantity of water discharged into the Bhivpuri tailrace will not fall below 37-1/2 million gallons per day, barring abnormal circumstances. This figure is in respect of the monsoon period only, because during the remainder of the year the average daily discharge will normally be in excess of 100 million gallons per day."

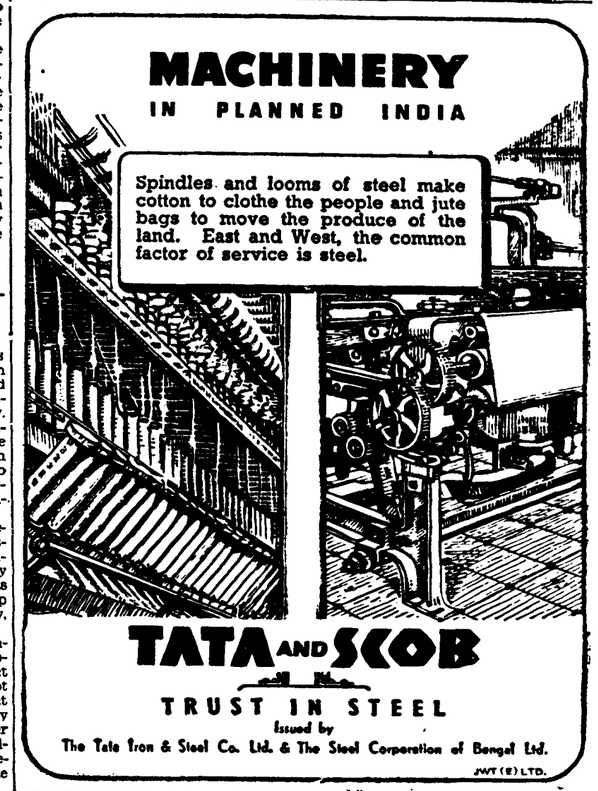
Bombay Potteries & Tiles, Ltd.

An announcement regarding expansion plans of Bombay Potteries and Tiles Limited, is published. The concern was established in 1933 and has since made progress from year to year. It manufactures Sanitary Wares, Glazed Tiles, Acidproof Vitreous Tiles, Acid resisting Chemical Wares and Fittings, Special Refractories for Smelting Furnaces, Porcelain Thread Guides for Cotton and Silk Mills, etc. As the demand for these goods in every day increasing the concern has decided to expand the factory and equip the same with latest machinery and plants. Hence it is quite possible the concern may yield good profits in the coming years. Some Ordinary and Second Preference Shares are yet open to the public for subscription, which are bound to yield a good dividend.

The Company seems to be fortunate in retaining the services of Mr. C. P. Shah, the Pottery Expert.



Agents: Messrs. LAVCHAND VARAJDAS & Co., Princess Street, Bombay 2.


MACHINERY
IN PLANNED INDIA
Spindles and looms of steel make cotton to clothe the people and jute bags to move the produce of the land. East and West, the common factor of service is steel.
TATA AND SCOB
TRUST IN STEEL
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REGULAR COMMISSIONS IN THE POST-WAR INDIAN ARMY

SECOND COURSE

(INDIAN MILITARY ACADEMY, DEHRA DUN)

Applications are now invited for the Second Course for training for the Regular Officer cadre of the Indian Army.

1. A candidate must be a British subject of Indian domicile or descent or a subject of an Indian State.
2. A candidate for the Second Course, which starts in August 1946, must have passed his 18th birthday but not have attained his 21st on 1st July 1946.
3. The minimum educational standards acceptable are Matriculation, Senior Cambridge, School Leaving Certificate or the Indian Army Special Certificate. A high measure of proficiency in English is essential.
4. All candidates will have to pass a Services Selection Board and a Medical Board.
5. The Second Course will be of eighteen months' duration. It will be conducted at the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun.

APPLICATIONS

Applications forms can be obtained from any of the following:

Headquarters of a Military Brigade,
Brigade Area or Sub Area.
Recruiting Office.
University or College.

These forms, on completion, will be forwarded to the nearest Military Brigade, Brigade Area or Sub-Area Headquarters. On receipt of the completed form, the military commander concerned will call up suitable candidates for interview.

CLOSING DATE FOR APPLICATIONS

As no applications which are received after the 15th March, 1946, can be considered by the Director of Selection of Personnel, Meerut, candidates must apply in sufficient time to enable the military commander concerned to call them for interview, and to communicate the result to the Director of Selection of Personnel before that date.

80.651

ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT

POONA, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—Following is the weather summary for Wednesday, the 16th inst:

Rainfall has been local in the East and North Punjab. A few showers of rain or snow have been reported from Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan and the South-West Punjab.

Yesternight was cooler than usual in the Peninsula, Gujarat, Rajputana, Sind and Baluchistan.

Forecast until the 17th evening:—Local snowstorm will occur in Kashmir with local thunders, storms in the East Punjab. A few thunderstorms are also likely in the West United Provinces and the West Punjab.

The night will be cooler than last night in Sind, Gujerat and Rajputana.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Liberty is not a usurper; it is not a pretender; it is something which is one of the most vital ingredients of human progress. Material prosperity can never make up for the loss of it.

—Lloyd George.

The Bombay Chronicle

WORLD TRADE & EMPLOYMENT

Proposals have been drafted and circulated by the Government of the United States for submission to a Conference on World Trade and Employment, which must arouse the keenest attention all over the globe. The Conference is to be called some time in the spring or summer of this year; and India, one of the leading trading countries, has been invited to participate in it. This gathering is likely to have an immense bearing upon the post-war economic recovery of the principal nations of the world. The objectives of the Conference, as laid down in these proposals, are based upon the ideal of developing international co-operation for mutual security and advantage. It tries to give a practical application to the aims declared at Crimea, developed at San Francisco, and now being carried a stage further in the United Nations Organisation. Taking their stand on the development of several international organisations under the stress of war,—such as the United Nations Relief and Reconstruction Administration—the American Government advises harmonisation of national economic policies, particularly with a view to increasing trade and employment. A special organisation to this end is to be created with a number of departments or subsidiary concerns, which it is unnecessary to lay out in detail here. But in order to make the best use of the existing organisation in every country in respect of production and distribution, these proposals suggest that existing restrictions on trade, whether created by Governments or imposed by private combines and cartels, be abolished or minimised to the utmost possible, while the fear of local disorder in particular markets owing to civil wars or political unsettlement, adversely affecting the revival of international commerce, as well as the irregularities and uncertainties in production and employment, should be remedied. In trying to remove or minimise these restrictions, impediments, or difficulties about the growth of world trade, the United States profess to seek the general prosperity of all countries. For they believe that more trade will provide more employment, better production, fuller consumption, as well as a higher standard of living alround.

These objectives are in direct consequence of the pledges given in the so-called Atlantic Charter, and reiterated in the Lease-Lend Agreement. A special treaty between the United States and the United Kingdom lends further weight to this objective. In seeking these ends, however, Americans overlook certain basic factors which deeply affect the interests and so cannot but influence the judgment of other members of the United Nations Organisation. The economic interests of all units do not coincide in such matters with those of the more advanced countries like the U.S.A. or the U.S.S.R., or even Britain. If countries were really equal in the matter of technical skill, mechanical equipment, and material resources, they would have no difficulty in sharing these ideals. But facts are quite the reverse. The U.S.A. is admittedly the most advanced and efficient in production technique. The result is that if trade between that unit and any other were on absolutely equal terms, the American products would always swamp every market in the world, if the latter provides no countervailing safeguards to protect or develop its own productive capacity. America, moreover, is today the world's creditor. All the invisible or intangible advantages that arise from that position will work in her favour, and secure for her trade openings which may operate as a handicap against other countries developing their trade, similarly. If America desires to realise her credits she would rather have to reduce her own trade barriers, and so regulate or control her local production as to permit of adequate imports from debtor countries without which the latter cannot liquidate their obligations. One scans in vain these proposals, however, to discover any hint that America has fully realised all the implications of her peculiar position and is not only prepared to reduce her own tariff barriers, but is also resolved to control and regulate her indigenous production so as to facilitate other people's trade with her and amongst themselves, and thereby reach a degree of development which in each such country would realise the maximum potential of employment.

For countries, moreover, which have been affected by the war, or which have hitherto remained backward or undeveloped for no fault of their own, but which, like India, now aspire to make up all the leeway in their own local industrial development and economic betterment, a policy of complete freedom of trade and abolition of the so-called barriers, tariffs preference, quotas, exchange control, subsidies, bounties, which had been the outstanding feature of international economics in the last generation, may not be an unmixed blessing. If, further, every country begins to plan as it must, with a view to a properly co-ordinated alround development of its own resources in men and materials and seeks thereby to reach a better standard of living for her citizens, the imposition of some degree of protection or safeguard to local industry would be unavoidable. This would be particularly so against countries like America, which are, in point of efficiency in output or superiority in technique, as well as equipment, unrivalled. It may be that national planning of a really effective type may eliminate gradually, if not all at once, the private profit-seeker, so that the benefit of such protection, in whatever form it is given, will not go to individuals at the expense either of the foreign producer or of the local consumer. Whether the national plan in any unit is entirely a matter of State enterprise, regulation and control or whether any room is left in it for free enterprise, the plan itself would be abortive unless authority is reserved in the National Government, to afford wherever necessary adequate and appropriate protection, encouragement or safeguard. The national plan may, and can, be integrated with a world plan. But until such a plan of simultaneous advance for all countries on all fronts is prepared and accepted, countries like ours will not be able to give an unqualified approval to these proposals.

Hakimi Quits

Iran's undeserved troubles are coming to a decisive crisis. There is some confusion as to the position of Prime Minister Hakimi. But it may be assumed that he has at last resigned. He had done his best but failed. As he told the Majlis, his Government rejected the "verbal" proposals from Britain and America for a three-Power commission of inquiry, but made counter-proposals which were not answered by Britain and America. Russia also did not answer Premier Hakimi's communication that he desired to visit Moscow in order to improve Russo-Iranian relations. In the circumstances there was nothing for him but to make way for another man. For, it is a law of the present "civilised" and "democratic" world that if a Big Power, however much at fault, objects to a small power statesman, however innocent, the latter must go in the interests of his unfortunate country. This essentially is what has happened. But can any Iranian statesman save the situation, that is to say, without grave detriment to the territorial, economic and political rights of Iran and to her future existence?

Meanwhile, it appears as if the matter is about to go to the United Nations Organisation. Since Britain and America, on the one hand, and Russia, on the other, have ignored the Iranian proposals it is difficult to see what else Iran could do than to approach what is supposed to be the ultimate authority. In his speech at the Assembly, the Iran delegate, M. Taqizade, referred to the Russo-Iranian dispute, reserving his right to bring it up befor U.N.O. There is a later report to the effect that the Azerbaijan issue is, in fact, being brought up by Iran. Whether the U.N.O. or its Security Council proceeds to handle it, there is no doubt that the International Organisation will be facing its first test. And it is a real and vital test. If the fundamental objects of U.N.O. are to maintain peace and friendly relations and to protect the rights of nations and countries, no matter from whom and which side they are assailed the Assembly and its Security Council are on trial for their very lives. For if they fail, they will have irrevocably chosen the path of the League of Nations and—its end.

Frankly Speaking

Time For Show-Down

Democracies, if they are genuinely concerned about Spain, will have to take immediate note not only of the activities and peregrinations of Don Juan but also of what has just been stated by General Franco's new propaganda chief. The former worthy wants no more than to assume the monarchical headship of the state without any essential internal changes. El Caudillo's propaganda chief warns against expecting any "change in Spain" even though it be a "difficult hour" for the country. Whether the Caudillo and the Pretender come to some sort of mutual accommodation or whether they do not, one thing is certain. They are agreed that so far as they are concerned, the people of Spain shall not get what is theirs by right and which they lost through betrayal by the great powers. It is now time for a show-down and not merely for exchange of notes between Britain, America and France.

Tilak University

The Tilak Maharastra Vidyapeeth (University) which came into existence in 1920 as a direct result of the stimulus given to education on national lines during the Non-co-operation movement, will complete its 25th year in May this year. With a view to enabling the authorities of this institution which has its headquarters at Poona, to give a reorientation to its work so as to make it a great educational and cultural centre as a permanent memorial to the late Lokamanya Tilak, an appeal has been issued to all lovers of national education for a fund of two lakhs of rupees. The Vidyapeeth has been carrying on admirable work all these years. The proposal to widen the basis of its activities in deserving of the support of every patriotic Indian and admirer of the illustrious son of Maharashtra after whom it is named. It should not be difficult for the modest sum of two lakhs needed by the institution to be subscribed before the jubilee celebrations. We heartily endorse the appeal of Mr. Deo which was published in our issue of Monday.

Sinister Feature

There is a sinister feature of the "Repealing Ordinance" promulgated by the Governor General on the 5th of this month, to which public attention requires to be drawn. The summary of the provisions of the Ordinance which the news agencies sent out from New Delhi and which merely emphasized the fact that no less than 109 ordinances were repealed by this new Ordinance, failed to disclose the ugly facts that most of these repealed Ordinances were mere amending ordinances and that their repeal has in no way affected the validity of the substantive Ordinances, of which they were amendments. These substantive Ordinances—and they are the ones which have effectively curtailed the liberties of the people on the score of war-time emergency—continue in full force, despite the fact that war has ended and the 'emergency' no longer exists. Not merely this, but the new Ordinance includes other provisions as well of an objectionable nature. As the "Hindu" of Madras points out, under the Ordinance the essential changes in the law introduced by the Ordinance regime shall continue "not only where there are definite provisions originally meant to be temporary, but also where they are fundamental legal principles to which public opinion may be violently opposed or which may place in jeopardy the elementary rights of the subject." Thus, the opportunity afforded by the war to curb the liberties of the people of this country is being exploited to the full with a view to the continuance of such a regime for as long a period as is possibe during peace-time, too. The Legislature has been ignored even though a new Assembly has been elected and the Government, if it had a sincere intention, could have waited till the Assembly had met to obtain an approval of the repealing measure by the legislature.

OUR READERS VIEWS

A. I. R. Programmes

The main excuse given by the All India Radio for bad programmes is lack of money. I don't know how much money the A. I. R. wastes on its inefficient officials but I can exactly point out how it wastes money on useless programmes. Scan the "Listener" and see what is in store for you for a fortnight. I study the programme to spare my radio and above all, my ears. Let me confess that I don't always stick to my resolve because otherwise the money wasted on the radio license and on the "Listener" will wholly go waste.

Now let me illustrate what I say. Yesterday on January 9, at 7.30 p.m. I happened to listen to Marathi programme relayed from the B. B. C. A Marathi speaking expert gave a talk on radio technique and listen what he told in defective Marathi: "There are several components inside radio. We don't see them because they are covered...A.C. set is a radio set which works on A. C. current." I wonder how much of our money is wasted on such "learned" abracadabra by the A. I. R. Must listeners swallow what they get? Let us demand good programmes.

D. G TENDULKAR.

January 10.

Wanted Matriculation Centre At Goa

The large number of schools in the Karnatak and the Konkan has necessitated the opening of colleges in Dharwar, Belgaum and recently at Savantwadi. This has met a real need of the students from these places.

I wish to draw the attention of the University authorities to another need —equally real—the early establishment of a Matriculation examination centre in Goa.

Apart from the traditional friendship between England and Portugal there has been a real friendship between Goa and British India.

The English teaching schools of Goa have been considered worthy of recognition true only a temporary one —by the University of Bombay.

I request the authorities to go just one step further and (forward!) and see about fixing a convenient centre for the students of Goa who number about a thousand.

ESTEVAM FRANCISCO DIAS.

Margao, Dec. 8.

B.P.C.C. Refuses To Ban Double-Office Holding

S. K. Patil Pleads "Paucity Of Good Workers" In Congress

CANDIDATES' CONTRIBUTIONS FOR ELECTION EXPENSES FIXED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The B. P. C. C. at its meeting to-night threw out by an overwhelming majority the resolution moved by Mr. Maheshwari seeking to preclude officials of the B. P. C. C. from holding posts of power and authority in the Congress Municipal Party of the Corporation. Mr. Nagindas Master presided.

ELECTION EXPENSES

The Committee, in view of the heavy expenditure contemplated during the coming Provincial Elections, required from each candidate a minimum sum of Rs. 5,000 which would be earmarked for expenditure on the last day of the elections.

The Committee also laid down some general principles regarding the ensuing Municipal by-elections.

The following resolution pertaining to the ensuing by-elections was moved by Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the B.P.C.C.:—

Whereas a number of Congress Party members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation have vacated and will vacate their seats and by-elections will be held to fill up the vacancies, the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee resolves that the selection of candidates, for the vacancies so caused and for any seats which may hereafter fall vacant, shall be based 'inter alia' on the following considerations:

(1) The representation of minorities and Harijans shall as far as possible be maintained.

(2) The candidates should be educated enough to understand and take active part in the transaction of business in the Corporation.

(3) The candidates, except in the case of Harijan candidates, should be able to meet at least a substantial portion of election expenses.

(4) The candidates should be in a position to spare the time required for attending meetings of the Corporation, the Committees and the Party.

Elucidatin Clause 2 of the resolution, Mr. S. K. Patil said that having gone to jail in the cause of the Congress was not the only qualification for any prospective candidate. Capable people were required in the Corporation to tackle the work there. On that ground they needed a comprehensive criterion for putting up candidates for the by-elections. Mr. Patil further said that recommendations from the various Wards regarding the candidates would be welcomed by the B.P.C.C., but they won't be binding on them. The B.P.C.C. would have to judge the suitability of the candidate and decide finally.

Mr. Abid Ali Jaffarbhoy with regard to the selection of candidates moved an amendment that in the first place those persons who did not help or had worked against the Congress movement of 1942 and, secondly, those whose actions were openly against the policy and programme of the Congress should be disqualified for candidature of the Corporation.

Mr. Patil while agreeing to the second part of the amendment disagreed to the first. He said that there were many people who got no opportunity of helping the movement of 1942. In support of his contention he cited examples of some military officers. He said that some young men, were in England or America on the outbreak of the war, and when they came out to India they joined the army. But now they were ready to resign their posts and join the Congress.

That part of the amendment did not fit in well in the resolution, said Mr. Patil, because it was not a charter prescribing qualifications. That would be included in the pledge which the candidates would have to sign.

PATIL'S ASSURANCE

On the assurance given by Mr. Patil that those persons who had worked against the 1942 movement or whose actions were in open defiance of the policy of the Congress would not be selected to fight the by-elections, Mr. Abidali withdrew the amendment.

Mr. Abidali's other amendment that the proportion of minorities and Harijans should not only be maintained but increased as far as possible was carried.

With regard to Clause 3 Mr. Purshotam Tricumdas sought an amendment. He said that besides the Harijan candidates there might be others whose financial position might not allow them to meet a substantial portion of election expenses.

The B.P.C.C. agreed to delete the phrase 'except in the case of Harijan candidates' from the Clause and substituted 'as a general rule.'

The resolution was seconded by Mr. Manibhai Seth and adopted by the B.P.C.C.

I.N.A. BUREAU

The B.P.C.C. appointed Mr. Ratan S. Pochkhanawala as an additional member of the I.N.A. and Demobbed Soldiers' Information Bureau.

MAHESHWARI'S RESOLUTION

The principal resolution moved by Mr. Maheshwari came in for a heated discussion.

Mr. R. P. Lele while agreeing to the spirit of the resolution said that the moment for it was inopportune. There were occasions before when it could have been brought forward. Or the best time for it would have been next year on the eve of elections to the Corporation. He requested Mr. Maheshwari to withdraw the resolution.

Dwelling upon the resolution, Mr. Patil said that although as a matter of principle he agreed with the mover, yet the resolution was extremely narrow in its scope. "I would enlarge it and say that members of the B.P.C.C. should not be members of the Corporation at all."

"PAUCITY OF GOOD WORKERS"

Mr. Patil said that the resolution sounded well as excellent philosophy but was devoid of any practicability. The mover failed to realize the paucity of good workers in the Congress. That would be a golden day for the Congress, he said, when there would be at its disposal persons capable of holding severally jobs of power and authority. There was no tendency on the part of the members or the office-bearers of the B.P.C.C. to hold a multiciplity of jobs of responsibility. He would be too pleased, he said, if he could be relieved of his double responsibility. He also requested Mr. Maheshwari to withdraw the resolution.

The following is the text of the resolution which was thrown out:—

"That the officials of the B.P.C.C. should not occupy official posts in the Congress Municipal Party or Chairmanships of the Statutory Committees of the Corporation."

Memorandum For National Govt.

Women's Conference To Plan Healthy Home And Society

A correspondent writes:

Unwritten decisions have become a fashion with great organisations in modern life and to these decisions is great significance attached. The least publicised, but perhaps the most potential step taken by the All-India Women's Conference which recently met in its annual session at Hyderabad (Sind), is the decision to present "a memorandum to the National Government." Neither the nature of the memorandum nor of the National Government is known.

It appears that the women of India, conscious of the important role they have played in the building up of the country's march towards freedom, do not desire to leave the National Government when it comes, without an integrated social plan with particular reference to the problems of co-operative life in which men and women undertake and perform common functions and responsibilities on a basis of equality. In other words the memorandum contemplated will obviously be to give a planned structure to the principles already accepted by the Indian National Congress.

Modern life has become so complicated and young men and women are compelled to face problems without the necessary equipment and knowledge. Home Service Education and care of children are two important factors which go to make a healthy and harmonious society and it is precisely these, Indian women feel, that are most neglected. It is not so much a Charter for Women, as a readiness on the part of men to share equally with women the responsibilities in building up such a society that seems to be the crux of this unwritten decision of the All-India Women's Conference.

Parsi Engineers' & Architects' Union

25 Years Of Benevolent Activities

A pleasant function came off in the National Insurance Building near Excelsior Theatre, Bombay, on Tuesday evening when the Parsi Engineers and Architects' Union celebrated their silver jubilee.

Welcoming the guests, Mr. Jehangir Daruwala, President of the Union and former Deputy City Engineer of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, gave a brief resume of the activities of the Union during the last 25 years.

Mr. Daruwala pointed out that the Union was closely connected with the Poona Parsi Engineering Students' Hostel, and they had solved many a difficulty of Parsi students residing in the hostel.

The Union, in the course of the last 25 years had awarded scholarships and made contributions to various appeals to the tune of Rs. 15,000.

At present, they were annually spending about Rs. 1,200 on the award of scholarship alone. Lately, they had put on a sound and permanent footing a Benevolent Fund named after the Union.

He was also glad to announce that donations to the tune of Rs. 37,000 had been made towards the Silver Jubilee Fund started by the Union besides Rs. 38,000 for the extension of the Hostel premises.

Concluding, Mr. Daruwala expressed an earnest desire to provide the Union with a building of its own.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, January 15.

It is announced that a member of the Indian delegation will address the United Nations Assembly on Friday.—Reuter.

★ ★ ★

Mr. A. G. Bottomley, Secretary to the British Delegation, told a Lahore students' gathering that "people in England...now fully realise that the old imperialist methods are totally out of date."

We do hope Mr. Bottomley didn't mean to say that, therefore, they are trying out new and up-to-date imperialist methods.

★ ★ ★

At an 'at home' in Amritsar, Major Wyatt, M.P., it is reported, "assured the Communists that he would see Mr. Jai Prakash Narain in Delhi."

"Assured"? Why "assured"? And in Delhi?

The discrepancies are so serious that the report is obviously an egregious blunder.

★ ★ ★

After his meeting at Peshawar, Mr. Hopkin Morris, the only Liberal M.P. in the delegation, described Khan Abdul Ghaffar as "a very great man."

More invidious partiality. And more grave provocation.

★ ★ ★

At Lahore, Mr. Jinnah discussed the Frontier situation for 90 minutes with Mr. Abdul Qayyum and Mr. Abdur Rab Nishtar, reports the A.P.I.

Did they eventually promise to be good?

★ ★ ★

Miss F. Jinnah, sister of Mr. M. A. Jinnah, on Monday, gave a tea party at her residence in New Delhi to meet the Begum of Kalat.

—A.P.I.

Naturally.

★ ★ ★

NEW DELHI, January 15.

World War II, it is understood, will officially terminate in India on April 1, 1946.

—A.P.I.

It deserves to, on that date —officially.

★ ★ ★

A Russian journalist points out that the intervention of British troops in Indonesia and Indo-China creates great difficulties for the accomplishment of the lawful desires of the peoples of Eastern Asia.

In contrast, the intervention of Russian troops in Persian Azerbaijan—yes, you are quite right, accomplishes the lawful desires of the peoples of Western Asia.

STUDENT'S FINGERS BLOWN OFF

KOLHAPUR, Jan. 17 (A.P.I.)—The fingers on the right hand of a student in the Harihar Vidyalaya of Kolhapur were blown off in an explosion which occurred here yesterday.

It is understood that the student, Bhimrao Ramchandra Naik, was playing on the school playground yesterday when a fellow-student handed some object to him. As he handled it, the object exploded in his hand and the fingers were blown off. The boy was immediately taken to the hospital.

24 KILLED IN PLANE CRASH

Ex-British Prisoners Of War From Singapore

PARIS, Jan. 16 (Reuter): Former British prisoners of war from Singapore are among 24 people killed when an R.A.F. Transport Command 'Dakota' plane crashed during the night in a blizzard at Callelongue near Marseilles.

Twenty-three of the plane's 27 occupants were killed outright and one of the four survivors died while being carried on a stretcher along icy paths from the scene of the crash.

The first news of the crash was given by an injured British officer. The rescue party of sailors and firemen were often forced to advance on all fours across frost-covered rocks to reach the scene.

SURAT PROTEST AGAINST SALES TAX

SURAT, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—A resolution protesting against the levy of Sales Tax as proposed by the Bombay Government was passed at a meeting of the Managing Committee of the Surat Chamber of Commerce.

JAWAHAR TO TOUR SOUTHERN PUNJAB

LAHORE, Jan. 16 (U.P.I.)—According to the information received here, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will tour South Punjab in connection with the election campaign from January 20 to 22. He leaves for Delhi on the evening of January 22.

BURMA PIPELINE FETCHES RS. 3,50,000

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16 (A.P.A.)—The U.S. Army's Burma Pipeline to China, sold recently to an Indian concern called Indian Traders' Corporation, brought Rs 3,50,000, an official of the Foreign Liquidation Commission disclosed today.

Bill Of Rights For China

Communists' Draft Before All-Party Council

CHUNGKING, Jan. 15 (Reuter):—Five committees appointed to-day by the All-Party Political Consultative Council, which is trying to forge unity in China, will consider the reorganisation of the Government, a common political programme, military affairs, the National Assembly and the draft constitution.

Three hours of the fifth session of the Council were taken up by Mr. Tung-Pi-Wu who outlined in detail the 11 points of the Communist Bill of Rights for China.

These points include reduction of 25 per cent of agricultural rents, drastic reduction of armed forces, abolition of many taxes and stabilisation of currency.

POLITICAL STARTS HUNGER-STRIKE

LUCKNOW, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—Mr. Jogesh Chandra Chatterji, who is serving a term of seven years' R.I. in connection with the Lucknow-Barbanki Conspiracy Case in the District Jail, Lucknow, began hunger-strike today on the expiry of his seven days notice to the U.P. Government demanding certain facilities including supply of daily newspapers, improvement of the quality of jail food and to be treated as a political prisoner.

S. P. MOOKHERJEE OUT OF DANGER

CALCUTTA, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookherjee, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, is slowly improving in health and is now out of danger. There is no cause for further anxiety.

Dr. Mookherjee was taken ill in November last with a heart attack.

NARIMAN & ASSEMBLY ELECTION

Story Of An Undertaking That Was Not Given

Mr. K. F. Nariman, Bombay, has issued the following statement to the Press:—

Recently I read a certain report, in a well-known Nationalist paper of the city, wherein it was suggested that I had, for some time past, voluntarily retired from political and public life. It would have been more correct, and also more fair to me, to say, that the present political leadership and atmosphere, has forced me into compulsory retirement.

As my recent application for a Congress ticket to B.P.C.C., for ensuing Provincial Assembly election proves, I am still anxious and desirous to serve the public to the best of my humble capacity. I have served the city and the Presidency, always as a Congressman, for over 20 years, as a humble representative of this city in Provincial legislatures. I had no other aspiration or ambition, than merely to serve as a member, and considering my past record and long experience in legislative activities, I had a right to expect, that my offer for service would be accepted, and I would be nominated as a Congress candidate, to represent one of the constituencies in the city.

However, before the date of elections of the B.P.C.C., it was made clear to me, that unless I gave an undertaking, not to criticise and comment on Congress policies and programmes, and even on public activities and actions of leaders, I would not be accepted as a Congress candidate. Whilst I was prepared to assure that I would be a disciplined member of the party, as I have always been, and obey all mandatory resolutions, I was not prepared to sacrifice my most elementary and democratic political and civic right, to indulge in fair and 'bonafide' criticism and comments on Congress policies and programmes—generally, when I deemed them necessary in the public interest. Hence, in spite of my sincere desire and humble capacity and enthusiasm to serve the public, through the legislature, I had to sacrifice that ambition, as I preferred to retain my elementary right, as a mere citizen, to enjoy freedom of thought and expression, within certain well-defined limits.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT'S DECLARATION

The Congress President recently declared through the Press that "EVERY INDIVIDUAL MEMBER OF THE CONGRESS HAS A RIGHT TO EXPRESS HIS OR HER OPINION. TO DENY THIS RIGHT WOULD BE ARRESTING THE PROGRESS OF THE ORGANISATION." Thus whilst the highest constitutional authority in the Congress, has generously and broad-mindedly conceded this elementary democratic right to individual member, his more narrow-minded and intolerant colleagues have construed it as a crime to be punished by imposing a ban.

I am submitting this, not with a view to blame anybody or to provoke unpleasant controversy, but simply by way of explanation, as to the circumstances under which this galling and compulsory retirement is imposed on me.

Little minds and great organisations go ill together, and such intolerance and totalitarianism is the greatest obstacle to, progress. No wonder, after 60 years of glorified Congress struggle, the unfortunate country is still under the humiliation, indignity and suffering of foreign bondage.

In the imperialist Britain, there is a fiction that "THE KING CAN DO NO WRONG", but it seems the height of autocracy and fascism, to say that the High Command and Gandhiji are, even politically infallible, and, therefore, criticism and comments, on their political activities, should be punished with perpetual cruel political oblivion.

All Eyes On Siamese Rice Shipments

Food Situation In India Rather Serious, Says Srivastava

KARACHI, Jan. 18, (U.P.I.): Sir J. P. Srivastava, Food Member, Government of India, confirmed at a Press Conference this morning, that the food situation in India was rather serious. He said that there had been calamities in the South, cyclone in North Madras, and the Godavari Delta which caused loss to the rice crop. Similarly, the failure of monsoon in the Tanjore Taluka ruined the crop. Mysore too was not happy. So was the case with South Bombay, Karnatak and Gujarat.

Sir J. P. Srivastava added that he did not want to cause alarm. The Government was talking adequate measures to meet the situation by availing imports both of rice and wheat from abroad. The Government of India asked for one and a half million tons of rice from Siam. Because they could not obtain the stocks direct, Mr. Hutchings was sent to Washington posthaste to plead with the Combined Food Board of the United Nations, wherein India was not represented.

Continuing, the Food Member said that Australia wheat was more palatable to Indian taste than Canadian wheat. In India, they were tightening up belts and whatever little they could save in the surplus areas was being sent to the deficit areas to meet the deficit there. He was visiting Lahore and also other surplus areas.

About the Bengal Famine Commission's recommendations, he said, that the Government of India adopted them and a branch in the Food Department was created under Sir Clarance Bird to implement them in the Provinces and States by persuasion. The Government wanted the recommendations to be implemented without delay.

Concluding Sir Srivastava said: "Food may be grown anywhere, but it is the property of all India. Every Indian has a claim to be fed. Speculators in food are enemies of humanity. Those in the surplus areas who wish rationing to be lifted cannot be called Indians".

Sir J. P. Srivastava met the Indian merchants at Karachi and left for Lahore by the Lahore Mail.

U.S. RICE SHORTAGE NEARING DANGER POINT

NEW YORK, Jan. 14 (U.P.A.)—The Journal of Commerce today front paged a report that "particular concern" is being expressed by business circles here over the allocation of one-half million tons of Siamese rice to the British rather than to the Combined Food Board.

The paper pointed out that this supply was nearly double the American production and if applied to Pacific relief needs and supplemented by other types of American surplus grains, it would relieve the American rice shortage which is nearing a "danger point."

The journal said that excessive allocations of U.S. rice for relief shipments coupled with the extensive damage suffered by last season's crop has intensified the American shortage and warned that traders are increasing their pressure upon Washington for a modification of Overseas American rice shipments.

NO SUGAR IMPORTS FROM ABROAD

KARACHI, Jan. 16 (U.P.I.)—It is learnt that the Government of India do not expect imports of sugar from abroad. The sugar position in India is expected to improve this year, partly because crop this year is good and partly because of lesser demand from the fighting forces this year.

ADDITIONAL QUOTA OF RICE FOR MADRAS

MADRAS, Jan. 16 (A.P.A.)—The Government of India have allotted an additional quota of 26,500 tons of rice from various parts of India to the Madras Province, in view of the difficult food situation here.

Adviser Sir S. V. Ramamurthy and Mr. A. F. W. Dixon, Revenue Board Member and Commissioner of Civil Supplies, are tomorrow flying to Delhi to meet the Central Food Department officials and discuss means of tiding over the critical food shortage in South India.

MORE RICE FOR MADRAS

MADRAS, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—A special quota of 3,500 tons of rice has been allotted to this province by the Government of India. This is in addition to the allotments of 13,000 tons of rice from various sources made recently and 21,000 tons of Burma rice made in December.

U. S. WHEAT FOR INDIA

LONDON, Jan. 16 (Reuter).—Baltimore is clearing large shipments of United States' wheat to India, says a Baltimore message.

CONGRESS TO CONSIDER DEMONETISATION OF NOTES

(Continued from page 1)

repudiated their obligation to the U.S.A. which rose out of the last war. They want to scale down the sterling securities, and now they have treated their solemn promises to pay as scraps of paper. These are shadows of British bankruptcy. Let those who put their investments on Government paper take note.'

Death-Blow To India's Credit

BOMBAY, Jan. 16.—In a communication to the Viceroy regarding the Demonetisation of Currency Notes Ordinances, the Committee of the Indian Merchants Chamber characterises the Ordinances as an "unjustifiable encroachment on the rights of the public" which will deal a hard blow to the credit and financial structure of the land.

The Committee further says that it will be difficult for the public to share the optimism of Government that the Ordinances will not prejudicially affect the ordinary citizen.

The following is the Committee's telegraphic letter:—

"The Committee had no sympathy and can have no sympathy either with the black marketeers or with the dodgers and evaders of taxes. Although one cannot but deplore that the absence of any timely action on the part of the Government to break the force of the rising tide of these anti-social activities during the war, the Committee feel sure that any reasonable steps that may be taken even now by Government to eradicate those activities will meet with the co-operation of the public. This is the standpoint from which the Committee have considered the two ordinances which were issued last week. After giving their careful thought to the implications and the repercussions of the various clauses of these two ordinances and bearing in mind the mental approach of the treatment given by the tax authorities in the country the Committee regret to observe that not only are the vital clauses of the ordinances an unjustifiable encroachment on the rights of the public and likely to deal irreparable blow to the credit and financial structure of the land, but they will also be such in their natural consequences as will make it difficult for the public to share the optimism of the Government that they will not prejudicially affect the ordinary honest citizen.

A WRONG REMEDY

It seems to the Committee that the remedy proposed by Government is likely to prove worse than the disease. Had the Government called upon the possessors of high denomination Bank notes of Rs. 500 and upwards to tender them to the appropriate authorities and undertaken to make payments to such possessors for their value and kept a list of the names and addresses of such possessors the public could have appreciated the wisdom and fairness of their action for attaining the purpose which has been set forth in the ordinance. Government, however, unfortunately have dealt first a blow to the credit and financial structure of the country by declaring the high denomination bank notes in question ceasing to be legal tender after 12th January, 1946. Further they have deprived the holder of such notes of his inherent right to demand payment for the value of these notes by calling upon him to furnish certain information to the satisfaction of the appropriate authorities of the Government before such notes are exchanged for notes of lower denomination.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION

It is fundamental to remember that the Reserve Bank of India promise and undertake to pay unconditionally to the holder of the note the amount of rupees printed on such notes and the undertaking is guaranteed by Government. This is the contractual obligation existing between the Reserve Bank and the holder of the note and such is the sanctity of this contract as has enabled the public to carry on their transactions with these notes in the full confidence that the obligations undertaken by the Government will be readily, fully and unconditionally fulfilled. The panic and consternation which the ordinances have created all over the country in the mind of the ordinary honest citizen clearly indicate that the Government themselves are responsible for such consequences by calling upon the public to furnish them with particulars for which there is not the slightest justification in view of the sanctity of the contract existing between them and the holders of the note. The holders of the note have to inform the appropriate authority the reasons as to why such high denomination notes have been held by them and were not paid in by them either in their Current Accounts or invested by them in Securities or in fixed deposit.

ORDINARY CITIZENS HIT

It is strange that Government should forget that all ordinary honest citizens do not necessarily keep their money in current accounts or in Government Securities. Generally a fairly decent amount is kept in cash for meeting their regular and special requirements. That is not enough. They have to satisfy these appropriate authorities as to the date when such notes came into their possession and the source from which they received such Notes. The above is not the limit of the requirements of the Government before the notes are exchanged. The possessor has to inform the appropriate authorities as to whether the notes in question represent business profits in full or in part and such relevant information as may be needed in that connection. The Committee are constrained to remark that Government have no right to call for such information before making payment of the value printed on the Notes to the one who holds them. There can be no justification on the part of Government to break the sanctity of contract and give a death-blow to the credit of the country even under their avowed object of eradicating anti-social activities.

CUSTOMS OF PEOPLE

Government have also signally failed to attach due weight to the habits and customs of the people. Commitee think that Government are not unaware of the fact that high denomination Notes are kept by honest people in different parts of the country in view of the general educational backwardness and absence of sufficient development of banking habit, and particularly by ladies, especially for meeting their needs on auspicious and other occasions. To call upon all such honest holders of high denomination Notes to indicate the source from which they received such Notes and to state whether they represented business profits or not is to reverse the world-wide recognised principle of taking a man to be innocent unless he is proved to be guilty. Committee therefore consider it their duty to lodge their strong protest against those Sections of the Ordinances which require the furnishing of such information before the holders of the note are paid the amount of the money printed on such Notes. Committee also fail to understand the object of Section 11 of the Ordinance which enables the Central Government to make rules as in that Section. The public are entitled to know fully the plan which Government have in view.

INEXPLICABLE

It is inexplicable as to why after setting forth all these fetters which have shaken the confidence of the honest citizen and given a blow to the credit and financial structure of the country Government should have kept something up their sleeves which they might bring out in the shape of rules that may be framed under Section 11. With a view to allay the growing panic in the country which the Ordinances have caused and to prevent the further aggravation of the mischief which has already resulted therefrom, Committee earnestly request His Excellency the Viceroy that the Government of India should forthwith announce that the holders of the high denomination notes in question will be paid immediately and unconditionally the amount of the money printed on the notes on their furnishing their names and addresses. Committee are convinced that not only will such a procedure enable Government to realise their object of eradicating anti-social activities but it will also restore the confidence of the public, ensure the sanctity of the contract, preserve the credit of the country and give the protection which the honest citizen badly needs against the tax authorities utilising to his disadvantage any information which he may be compelled to give under the Ordinance in advance to establish his bona fides and claim his right to the payment of money against the note which he holds Committee will feel grateful if His Excellency the Viceroy will give his most earnest thought to the above submissions and announce forthwith the action which the Government propose to take in this connection."

KOLHAPUR NOTIFICATION

KOLHAPUR, Jan. 17 (A.P.I.): The Prime Minister of Kolhapur, Mr. A. Mitchell, has published last evening a circular in the State Gazette Extraordinary asking all banks and Huzur and sub-Treasuries in the Kolhapur State to advise the Reserve Bank of India immediately the total value of their holdings of currency notes of rupees one hundred and over giving separately the information about their branches as at the close of business on Jan 11, 1946.

All banks and Huzur and sub-Treasuries and the public are further instructed to withhold receipt of exchange of notes of denominations of Rs. 500 and over pending further orders by the Government.

This measure is taken in consonance with the recent Demonetisation Ordinance issued by the Government of India, with hte object of preventing black-marketeers and hoarders of high denomination currency notes from evading the provisions of the Ordinance by transferring themselves or their hoards to the Kolhapur State.

PANIC IN BENARES

BENARES, Jan. 15 (A.P.I.): Hundreds of people carrying higher denomination notes returned disappointed from the banks to-day. They are reported to have turned panicky due to short time limit.

The Government Treasury, the Imperial Bank and other banks at Benares have not received so far any definite instructions and declaration forms to be filled by holders of Rs. 500, Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 10,000 notes.

The bank managers are having a hard time owing to continuous enquiries from the holders of higher denomination notes.

IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): Holders of higher denomination notes in Calcutta were not able to exchange their notes to-day but it is learnt that the Reserve Bank has now received the declaration forms to be filled up under the Ordinance. Exchange of the notes will commence to-morrow, as soon as the declaration forms are completed and presented.

There were rumours to-day that the Reserve Bank checked the accounts of some Banking Companies under the Ordinance. On enquiry it is learnt that some banks which do not keep normal banking hours worked for sometime on the 12th morning and submitted returns under that date, their books in respect of cash balances on the 11th were called up.

The Calcutta Bullion Market opened late in the afternoon to-day. Both silver and gold rose slightly.

BANDITS MISFIRE

LUCKNOW, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): Mistaking office files for currency notes of high denominational value, half a dozen bandits ambushed two peons of a sugar factory at Gola.

It is reported that the dacoits who had watched the movements of the peons leaving the factory premises with something which they believed to be the day's collections, opened fire on the peons resulting in serious injuries to both of them.

The bandits are still at large.

AZAD HIND BANK DIRECTOR'S "HABEAS CORPUS"

Lahore High Court Admits Petition And Issues Notice To The Crown

LAHORE, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): A 'Habeas Corpus' petition questioning the detention of Mr. Dinanath, a Director of the Azad Hind Bank, Rangoon, in the Red Fort, Delhi, was admitted to-day by Mr. Justice Mohd. Munir of the Lahore High Court and a notice was issued to the Crown.

Mr. Jiwan Lal Kapur, Advocate, who filed the petition, submitted that the petitioner was brought to India to appear as a defence witness in the first I.N.A. trial before the Court Martial. He was being detained in the Red Fort, Delhi, under the Military Commander.

He further submitted that the petitioner was a civilian and could not be detained by or under the orders of the military authorities particularly when they themselves had brought him to Delhi.

His Lordship admitted the petition and issued a notice to the Crown.

JOHORE COURT ACQUITS TWO INDIANS

Not Concerned With Political Views Of Accused

SINGAPORE, Jan. 16 (Reuter). Declaring that it was not concerned with the political views of the accused, the court at Johore Bharg yesterday acquitted two Indians, Pankajam, formerly chairman of the 'Indian Independence League' at Labis (Johore) and Nathan, former Secretary of the League, who had been brought to trial for delivering speeches 'detrimental to the administration.'

In the trial which lasted five days it was stated that the accused had asked Chinese, Indians and Malayas to unite and fight the British.

Court Warns Witness In Shingara Singh Trial

DELHI CANTT, Jan. 16 (A. P. I.): Further prosecution evidence was recorded to-day in the Third I.N.A. Court Martial trying Subedar Shingara Singh and Jamadar Fateh Khan.

Subedar Ahmed Khan of 2/5th Punjab Regiment said Capt. Shah Nawaz was commanding the Neeson Camp when witness and his unit moved there from the Seletar Camp Capt. Shah Nawaz one day collected all the V.C.O.s in the camp in a mosque and asked them what they thought of the I.N.A. Witness never joined the I.N.A.

Cross-examined by Defence Counsel, Mr. Tawakley, witness said it was quite wrong to say that he was charged with having stolen rations and given them to a woman who was his mistress. He said he was an old man and was not interested in women.

When the court reassembled after lunch, Defence Counsel brought to the notice of the court that the witness had shouted at him (Counsel) in an insulting tone during the lunch interval and had asked him not to put such questions to witness as he was an old man.

The Chairman of the Court warned witness.

Replying to question witness said it was not true that he was sent to hospital with V.D.

Lance Naik Mohinder Singh of I.E.M.E., the next prosecution witness, said he heard the lectures of Capt. Jehangir and Capt. Mohan Singh at the Seletar Camp and joined the First I.N.A. This I.N.A. was broken up in December 1942. Witness did not join the new I.N.A. and told his companions not to join it. He was taken to the concentration camp where accused Fateh Khan told him that he was brought there because he was doing anti-I.N.A. propaganda. He was given six strokes by sweeper Nimbu.

JOINED BRITISH AT THE FRONT

Witness had to do fatigue at the double for about eight or nine hours every day. Witness later joined the I.N.A. and was sent to the front in March 1944, and there gave himself up to the British.

Cross-examined witness said he went to Batu Pahat with the second advance party of S. S. Group.

The cross-examination had not concluded when the court adjourned till to-morrow.

They Never Saw Capt. Rashid Ill-Treat Anybody

DELHI CANTT, Jan. 16 (A. P. I.): Lt. Abdul Qadir Shah of the First Bahawalpur Infantry, whose cross-examination was continued to-day at the I.N.A. Court Martial trying Capt. Abdul Rashid, said that he did not at any time complain to Capt. Rashid (Camp Commandant) that he was not being properly treated at the Bidzadari Concentration Camp, nor did he ever see Capt. Rashid ill-treating anybody.

Questioned by the Court, witness said that some of the Indian P.O.W.s joined the I.N.A. as a result of speeches delivered to them and some used to join as a result of persuasion by their friends. Particularly obstinate persons, who did propaganda against the I.N.A., were sent to the concentration camp to make them join the I.N.A.

WHY HE GAVE EVIDENCE

Cross-examination of Havildar-Clerk Taj Mohad was resumed by Counsel for Defence. Witness said that after his return to India he offered to give evidence against Capt. Rashid, Col. Bhonsale and Havildar-Clerk Kishen Singh because these three persons had given him too much trouble.

Witness said that when he was asked by the authorities whether he had joined the I.N.A., he told them that he remained in the I.N.A. from May to November, 1943, and that he was sent to the I.N.A. by Capt. Rashid by force.

Jamadar Mohd. Hyat of the First Bahawalpur Infantry, next prosecution witness, said that he was sent to the concentration camp three times for refusing to join the I.N.A.

Cross-examined by Counsel for Defence, witness said that he did not see Capt. Rashid either ill-treating anybody or ordering anyone to do so.

Cross-examination of witness had not concluded when the court adjourned till to-morrow.

Reception For I. N. A. Heroes

CALCUTTA, Jan. 16 (API): Messrs. Shah Nawaz, Dhillon and Sehgal will be accorded a civic reception by the Howrah Municipality when they arrive in Calcutta in connection with Babu Subhas Chandra Bose's birthday celebrations which will take place on January 23. This decision was reached at a special meeting of the Howrah Municipality yesterday.

TREASON TRIAL AT SINGAPORE

Enquiry Into Allegations Against Eurasian Community Leader

SINGAPORE, Jan. 16 (Reuter): The enquiry into the allegations of treason against Charles Joseph Pagiar, leader of the Eurasian community, during the Japanese occupation opened here to-day.

The public prosecutor stated that evidence would be presented that Paglar made speeches and broadcasts of a seditious nature and was instrumental in recruiting personnel for Japanese auxiliary forces.

Witnesses will include Shinozaki who was sentenced in 1940 by a British court for espionage, with whom, it is alleged, Paglar cooperated during the occupation.

Another witness is Goho, Bengali lawyer and first chairman of the Japanese-sponsored Indian Independence League, who is also under detention.

ISSUES BEFORE CONGRESS PARLIAMENTARY BOARD

Selection Of Nominee For Central Assembly Speakership And Party Leader

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16.—Congress leaders and members of the Central Parliamentary Board have been having discussions regarding the selection of the Speaker of the Central Assembly and Leader of the Congress Party in the Assembly.

According to the most reliable circles the leaders have approved the earlier informal selection, namely, to appoint Sarat Bose as Leader of the Congress Party and put up Mr. G. V. Mavlankar for the Presidentship of the Assembly.

The Central Assembly, I learn, will discuss Bretton Woods Agreement on Jan. 29. It will be on the motion of the Finance Member who will move for ratification of the Agreement by the Assembly.

I learn that Mr. Dewan Chamanlal has tabled a motion of adjournment to discuss the allegations regarding Bahadurgarh Camp.

CONGRESS PARLIAMENTARY BOARD MEETS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—The Congress Central Parliamentary Board met at New Delhi this afternoon at the residence of Mr. Asaf Ali.

The following were present: Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Shankarrao Deo, Acharya J. B. Kripalani, Pt. Govind Vallabh Pant, and Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru.

Pandit Nehru was present at the meeting for nearly an hour and then left.

BIHAR NOMINEES APPROVED

The Congress Central Parliamentary Board met for three hours today and approved of the recommendations for the Provincial Assembly made by the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee with the following changes:

GAYA: Mahant Bhagwat Das in place of Strugen Singh (Sahanabad).

SHAHABAD: Guptanath Singh in place of Gupteswar Pande (Bhabu).

Devnarain Singh in place of Budhenrai Varma (Sahahabad Central).

CHAMPARAN: Badrinath Varma in place of Viswanath Singh (Bettiah).

DARBHANGA: Radhakant Chaudhury (Sardar Darbanga), Bindewari Prasad Singh Bahera in place of Jainarain Jha and Anurudh Singh.

TIRUTH URBAN: Murli Manohar Prasad in place of Vindeshwar Prasad Varma.

MUSAFARPUR: Vindeswarprasad Varma in place of Brijanandan Prasad Singh.

MONGHYR: Suryug Prasad Singh in place of Brahmdev Narayan Singh (Begusarai).

Kamalewari Prasad Jadhav or Mushilal Varma or Brojandra Narain Jadhav in place of Jiyalal Mandan (North Sardar). Anyone of the first three candidates available will be nominated.

RANCHI: Joseph Tiga.

Ranchi Sadar: (Adviasl) Soma Bhagat.

The Congress is contesting 110 seats in the Bihar Assembly out of 152. Nine Muslim seats will also be contested.

Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Mr. Satyanarain Sinha and Mr. Anugraha Narain Sinha were also present when the Parliamentary Board considered the Bihar candidatures.

The Parliamentary Board will again meet tomorrow afternoon and will consider the lists of candidates for the United Provinces and Bombay Legislative Assemblies.

BOMBAY CONGRESS M.L.A.'S FOR DELHI

BOMBAY, January 16 (A.P.I.)—Mr. Manu Subedar and Mr. M. R. Masani, Congress M.L.A.'s will leave for Delhi this evening by the Frontier Mail to attend the meeting of the Central Assembly Congress Party to be held there on January 18.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, Congress M.L.A., will leave for Delhi on January 18 by air.

Congressman's Opponent Losses Deposit

GAUHATI, Jan. 16, (API): Mr. Dharnidhar Basumatari (Congress) was declared elected today to the Assam Legislative Assembly from the Kamrup Tribal Reserved seat by defeating his two rivals Mr. Rabi Chandra Kachari, and Mr. Lohit Chandra Deka. Mr. Basumatari polled 3,856 votes against 554 votes and 852 polled by Mr. Kachari and Mr. Deka respectively. Mr. Kachari forfeits his deposit.

Congress Santal Nominee Elected

MAULVI BAZAR (Assam) Jan. 16 (API): Mr. Jiban the Santal Congress Nominee from the Srimangal Labour Constituency of South Sylhet Sub-division, has been declared elected today to the Assam Legislative Assembly securing 8,700 votes. The two rival Communist nominees, Shiblal Mahatab and Sanat Ahir polled 31 and 17 votes respectively.

Free Press Of India News Service

The Free Press of India News Agency after a suspension of activities for ten years has now re-entered the field with the object of organising a comprehensive inland and foreign news-service to the Press in India. The news-service will commence work from 19th instant. It proposes to recruit and train young journalists in news agency work and to depute experienced and competent journalists to foreign countries to organize and establish news bureaus.

BR. DELEGATION MEETS AZAD

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16 (API): Five members of the British Parliamentary Delegation including its leader Mr. Richards met members of the Congress Central Parliamentary Board this evening and had a ninety-minute discussion with them.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, was introduced to the members of the Delegation but was not present during this evening's discussion.

The Delegation will meet the Congress President to-morrow morning and later have a second meeting with other members of the Parliamentary Board. Besides Mr. Richards other members of the Delegation present were Mr. Sorensen, Maj. Wyatt, Lord Chorley and Mr. Hopkin Morris, the Congress leaders present were: Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Mr. Shankerrao Deo, Mr. J. B. Kripalani, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. Asaf Ali.

Maj. Wyatt expects to leave for Bombay by air to-morrow while other members of the Delegation will follow on Friday.

Earlier during the day, a large crowd gathered in front of Mr. Asaf Ali's New Delhi residence where the meeting took place.

In Peshawar

PESHAWAR, Jan. 15 (API): Three members of the British Delegation, Prof. Richards, Lord Chorley and Mr. Sorensen met a deputation of Congress leaders led by Khan Ali Gul Khan, President of the Provincial Congress Committee at the house of Mr. Yunas, Secretary of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan. Other members of the deputation were Lala Mehar Chand Khanna, Hakim Abdul Jalil Nadvi, President of the Peshawar Congress Committee and Lala Gopaldas Khera.

In the morning only one member of the Delegation, Mr. Nicholson who did not go to Khyber Pass visited Buddhist Monastery and Stupta at Takhitbad.

The British Delegation met Muslim League leaders at a tea party given by Mr. Abdul Quyum, at Dean's Hotel. Prominent among those present were Sardar Abdurrab Nishtar, former Finance Minister, Mr. Samanjan Khan, former Education Minister, and Mian Ziauddin, Secretary of the Frontier Provincial Muslim League.

Prof. Richards, leader of the Delegation, remarked that they had met as sincere persons as any body could be. They had a most interesting familiar and intimate talk. The Muslim League leaders explained their views nicely and clearly.

Arrival In Bombay

Five members of the British Parliamentary Delegation, now touring India, arrived in Bombay by plane from Lahore on Wednesday evening. All of them are putting up at the Government House, two of them for the night.

Their programme is not known. But it is understood that they are likely to meet Mr. B. G. Kher, ex-Premier of Bombay, Mr. K. M. Munshi, M. N. M. Joshi, Mr. S. A. Dange and other local leaders.

The editors of local newspapers will meet the members of the delegation at a party on Saturday.

It is understood that Mrs. Muriel Wallhead Nichol will meet Mrs. Hansa Mehta, President of the All-India Women's Conference.

The following members arrived today: Brig. A. R. Low, Mrs. Muriel Wallhead Nichol, Lord Munster, Mr. A. G. Bottomley and Mr. Godfrey, Nicholson. Other members of the delegation are expected to arrive on Thursday (to-day).

A group of pressmen went to Government House in the evening in an attempt to meet the members of the Delegation and find out their programme. But neither the members of the Delegation nor the Secretary, Mr. Boyd could meet the press. They were stated to be 'in conference'.

Mr. G. G. Drew, Secretary to the Governor, however, told the reporters who had waited for nearly an hour that the members of the Delegation would meet the editors at a party on Saturday.

Asked what the programme of the Delegation would be, Mr. Drew said that it was not intended to give the programme in advance as in that case pressmen would follow them. 'We don't want to give them that kind of publicity', he added. In reply to a further query, he said that 'most of the members' were staying at Government House.

BRAILSFORD'S APOLOGIA FOR LABOUR GOVT.

(Continued from page 1)

who have come to India with fresh minds, should be valuable to correct any misconceptions".

DELEGATION'S MESSAGE

"The message which the Parliamentary Delegation has to convey to India is the determination of the British people to take the last step on India's road to freedom. The views of the members will be communicated to the House of Commons and also to the Ministers of the British Government. The members may be able also, to convey the sense of urgency for an instant solution of the Indian question."

Mr. Brailsford made it clear that the Parliamentary Delegation was not another Simon Commission, sent out to report officially on the next steps to be taken in Indian constitution The presence of the Parliamentary Delegation in India, he thought, would be some guarantee that the elections in which India was presently engaged, would be fought out freely and without Governmental interference.

REAL DIFFICULTY

When told about an impression in India that the Labour Government had not shown itself to be different from the Conservatives in respect of Indian affairs, Mr. Brailsford said: "The history of the two parties, Conservatives and Labour is a sufficient answer to this question. The Labour Party has always been on the side of Indian freedom. The Conservative Party has only slightly moved in that direction.

The real difficulty about the Labour Party is that it is absorbed, inevitably and rightly, in domestic issues, neglected by the Conservative Government for a whole generation. They have to deal simultaneously with all manner of domestic and social problems. However, what the new Government lacks in respect of India is not the will to give freedom, but rather detailed information about the details of procedure. That is where the Delegation will play a useful part."

A BAD SOLUTION

Mr. Brailsford expressed it as his personal impression that the British Government was determined to transfer power to India; but before it could do so it had to examine some very difficult problems of detail as to the precise procedure of such transfer of power. Mr. Brailsford affirmed: "Of one thing I am sure, which the present British Labour Government will not do, namely to shelve the Indian issue on any pretext."

Discussing the question of Pakistan, Mr. Brailsford said: "My own feeling is that Pakistan is deplorable and regrettable. It is also regrettable that there should be so strong an opposition to a United India, but it it should be confirmed by the provincial elections that the great mass of Muslims are really bent on having Pakistan, then I think the wise course would be for the Hindus to accept the situation and endeavour to reach an arrangement with the Muslims on the friendliest possible basis.

Nevertheless, personally I have always held that Pakistan is a bad solution of the communal difficulty."

PROBLEM OF STATES

Referring to the position of Indian States in the future constitutional arrangement, Mr. Brailsford expressed agreement with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's latest 'friendly offer' to the Indian Princes. He felt that if the Indian States were to come into the proposed Indian Union they must be prepared to grant civil and political liberties to their own subjects, not less extensive than those prevailing in the British Indian Provinces. He added that in the proposed Constituent Assembly the States subjects must have direct representation and not through their rulers.

ITALIANS ROB CITY MERCHANT

Packet From Attache Case Removed While Travelling In Train

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): A theft involving a sum of Rs. 15,000 is alleged to have been committed in a train by 12 Italian prisoners of war from Bairagarh Camp near Bhopal, the victim being Mr. Karandikar of a firm of manufacturers from Bombay.

It is stated that Mr and Mrs. Karandikar were travelling in a second class compartment of the Punjab Mail when at Mandi Dip, a station on the Jhansi-Itarsi section of the G.I.P. Railway, 13 miles from Bhopal, 12 Italian prisoners of war entered their compartment. One of the prisoners happened to pick up a packet slipped out from Karandikar's attache case. Having discovered the contents and intimated to his companions the Italians alighted at the next station and returned to their camp.

Mr. Karandikar who later discovered that his packet of currency notes was missing from his attache case promptly reported the matter to the police and furnished them with the number of the currency notes.

An attempt was made by an Italian prisoner of war to cash 1,000 rupee note at a bank in Bhopal, when he was arrested After further investigation, the police arrested the 12 Italians.

It is reported that in the course of their search the police traced 12 bank notes of Rs 1,000 each the remaining Rs. 3,000 which were in hundred rupee currency notes were not discovered.

Travancore Dewan Elevated To Status Of U.S. President

Democratic Legislature To Function Under Irremovable Executive And Full Royal Prerogatives

TRIVANDRUM, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): The main features of constitutional arrangements forecast yesterday to enable Travancore State to adequately occupy its legitimate place in the United and Self-Governing India, while at the same time preserving India, while at the same time preserving the historical and constitutional traditions of this ancient State are outlined in a press communique issued to-day:—

The rights, privileges and prerogatives of His Highness the Maharaja will be unaffected by these arrangements.

LEGISLATURE: (1) (a) There will be a Bicameral Legislature both Houses of which would be entirely composed of elected members. No nominations are being contemplated to either of the Houses. (b) The Lower House will be constituted on a footing of territorial constituencies and on the basis of universal adult suffrage for men and women and without recourse to any reservations or weightages, communal or otherwise. (c) The Upper House will be functional and facultative in character and will be composed of elected representatives of various professions, avocations and interests and agriculture, cottage and large-scale industries and crafts, labour and fishing, commerce, trade and learned and technical professions, including teachers, lawyers, doctors, engineers and technicians. It will thus comprise of many interests which may not find a place in a purely territorial system of election.

CO-EQUAL IN STATUS

(2) The two Houses of Legislature will be co-equal in status and functions thus ensuring consideration of measures from all points of view.

(3) The Legislature will normally operate through sub-committees in respect of their control over the administration and its policy.

(4) The Legislature will have jurisdiction over the entire field of Government barring certain excepted topics like the status and property of the Sovereign and members of his family, external and political relations, devaswoms and management and control of the Hindu Religious Endowments and armed forces.

(5) Subject to the fight of veto on grounds to be publicly announced agreed decisions of the two houses will be implemented by Government.

(6) Both the Houses of the Legislature will elect their own presidents and deputy presidents.

EXECUTIVE: (1) The Executive Administration of the State will be conducted by the Dewan appointed by His Hignness who will hold the office during His Highness' pleasure and for such terms as he may determine at his discretion. The Dewan will be assisted by secretaries, heads of departments and other officers who will be chosen partly by means of Public Service Commission and partly under rules and orders in that behalf.

(2) No official will be a member of either of the House of Legislature, but he will enable to assist in discussions of the Legislature and may be required to attend the sessions for the purpose of answering questions and giving information and explanations. The officials, however, will have no votes in the Legislature.

(3) Neither the Dewan nor any member of the Executive Government will be removable by a vote of Legislature though as already stated, they will carry out agreed decisions and resolutions in the Legislature, unless veto is imposed on stated grounds.

(4) It will be open to the Dewan as the head of the administration to address or send messages to the Legislature or to advise the Legislature and initiate particular items of legislation or financial measures. He will be further entitled to remit any decision or legislation made or passed by either or both the Houses for reconsideration.

JUDICIARY: (1) The civil and criminal court will be nominated by His Highness and the sub-ordinate in the judiciary by the Executive Government with the advice of High Court. The courts will be entitled to pronounce on constitutionality of laws or decisions made or passed by the Legislature under the provisions made for the purpose.

(2) Constitution based on the above principles will be formulated by a Proclamation by His Highness as soon as practicable.

(3) Maintenance of continuity of Executive Administration is provided for as this is considered to be absolutely essential, especially when long-term plans for the development of agriculture, industries and commerce have to be carried out which should not be liable to constant fluctuations or frequent modifications arising from changes in political scene or varying combinations of communal or political groups.

(4) The position of the Dewan 'vis-a-vis' Legislature and Judiciary will be approximated to that of the President of the United States, subject always to the rights and privileges and prerogatives of the Sovereign.

JAYAKAR CONGRATULATES TRAVANCORE

BOMBAY, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): The Rt. Hon. Dr. M. R. Jayakar has sent the following telegram to Sir C. P. Ramaswami Ayer, Dewan of Travancore, on the announcement of constitutional reforms in Travancore State:

'Hearty congratulations to His Highness and yourself on new constitutional changes. Legislature wholly elected with universal adult suffrage is good step in advance. Vital experiment of basing constitution on American model may prove acceptable elsewhere in India. I hope that reservation of royal rights and prerogatives fits in with democratic structure. Awaiting further details.'

SETALVAD WISHES IT ALL SUCCESS

BOMBAY, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): Welcoming the constitutional reforms announced by the Maharaja of Travancore, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad in an interview said:

'The Maharaja and the Dewan Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer are to be congratulated on their move with the times, and one wishes the new constitution that is inaugurated all success.'

GIRLS LIKE YOU MUST BE FREE

Mrs. Nichol Taken Up With Muslim Girls At Lahore

LAHORE, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): "I feel that India with enthusiastic girls like you should be a free country," said Mrs. Nichol, Member of the Parliamentary Delegation replying to an address of welcome presented to her this evening by muslim girl students of the various local schools and colleges at a social function arranged in her honour.

Mrs. Nichol said: It is the will of the people of India that shall decide the issue, and I strongly feel that India must work out her own problems. Every country in the world must be free if there is to be a world federation of free peoples.

Mrs. Nichol added that women should be free without any inhibitions, and men and women should work together in every sphere of life. "In England" she said we have fought the battle for entrance into every profession. Here you have still to fight it. I do not believe there is a woman's point of view, but I believe there is a human point of view."

Welcoming Mrs. Nichol on behalf of the Muslim Girl Students Federation and the Muslim Girls National Guard, Miss Hiasuddin, President of the Federation said: Your presence among us as a woman representative of the British Parliament inspires us to keep up the fight and win our just rights. At the moment our entire attention is reverted on the political front, and we are of the opinion that only in Pakistan shall we be assured of our right place in society. We aim at removing the traditional yoke of serfdom and hope to enable the Muslim women through right education to take active part in the construction and development of Pakistan."

PACIFIC ISLANDS UNDER U.S. CONTROL

Trusteeship As Long As Necessary For Nation's Security

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15. (Reuter): President Truman declared to-night that the United States Government would keep control for as long as necessary of all Pacific Islands essential to the nation's security.

The President told correspondents that his Government would ask to be given single trusteeship of such islands from the United Nations Organisation, while they would recommend that other islands which the United States did not wish to keep should be put under the U.N.O. trusteeship.

The United States, in conjunction with the Allies, would maintain an interest in other islands, not formerly owned by the Japanese, added the President.

The President's statement came when he was questioned on reports reaching Washington from London that differences of opinion had arisen among the United States Delegation to the U.N.O. as to whether or not Japanese islands conquered by the United States should be placed under U.N.O. sovereignty.

The President said that no final decisions had been reached as to which islands the United States needs for her security. Single trusteeship for "security" islands would be in American hands and under U.N.O. Security Council, according to his way of thinking, he added.

Aney In Rangoon

RANGOON, Jan. 15 (A.P.I.): Mr. M. S. Aney, Government of India's representative in Ceylon, arrived in Rangoon today from Saigon and will proceed to Delhi tomorrow. After signing the treaty with Siam in Singapore, Mr. Aney spent 10 days in Bangkok and Saigon studying the conditions of Indians there. Mr. Aney, who is staying at the Government House had informal talks with the leading Indians here at the residence of Mr. S. A. S. Tyabji, adviser to the Governor on Indian affairs.

Russian Writer Indicts British Rule In Far East

Says Armed Intervention Won't Bring Glory To Colonial People

MOSCOW, Jan. 16 (Reuter): British policy in the Far East is criticised by Evgenie Zhukov in an article in the current issue of the magazine "Bolshevik", the organ of the Central Committee of the Communist Party in Moscow.

"British policy is greatly influenced by the closeness of Indo-China and Indonesia to the British colonial possessions "in Burma, India and Ceylon", Zhukov asserts.

"British colonial circles are evidently seriously afraid that the national liberation movement, which has developed with such force in Indonesia and Indo-China, may spread to other colonial countries" the writer adds.

He goes on to speak of the stimulus given to the independence of Asiatic countries by the struggle, and recalls the promises made to these peoples, especially to India and Burma.

The fate of the colonial countries of Eastern Asia is closely connected with the fate of India", he writes.

"The peoples of Indonesia have for several centuries been the object of fierce exploitation on the part of Dutch and British conquerors", the Russian writer continues. "Although Indonesia was a Dutch colony, exploitation of the oil areas was mainly in the hands of British capital.

It is clear that the masses of the people who had borne all the burden of colonial oppression do not want to return to their former status and do not want to live in slavery.

If the peoples of Indonesia and Indo-China were connected only by their former masters the Dutch and French imperialists, the insurgents would overthrow colonial oppression quite easily.

However, they have to cope with stronger powers which are trying to hold their direct domination of Asia by rendering active and often decisive help to weaker powers.

The intervention of British troops in Indonesia and Indo-China creates great difficulties for the accomplishment of the lawful desires of the peoples of Eastern Asia."

The writer accuses British forces of the "most fierce repressions" and adds that the United States is supplying equipment and shipping. He goes on to say: "The smashing of Japanese Imperialism, which tried in vain to create a giant colonial empire in Asia, was the signal for presentation by enslaved peoples of their lawful demands for elementary democratic rights and the possibility of free political and economic development.

It may be said in advance that reactionary attempts to strangle national liberation movements of the peoples of Indonesia and Indo-China with the help of armed intervention will not bring glory to colonial powers.

The second world war is ended. But if the end of the war has at same time opened the page of the struggle for national liberation of tens of millions of people in South-East Asia it shows how ripe is the need to review the colonial status of people, the majority of whom took part in the general anti-Fascist struggle."

RANGOON BANKING PROSPECTS

RANGOON, Jan 16 (A. P. I.): The banks of Rangoon, which were scheduled to open for business on January 1, still were closed Tuesday, with apparently very little business in sight.

Armies of workmen were installing furniture and safes but one Banker declared "it would not be worth the expense involved" to start operations now.

He said most banks would probably open before April 1. Meanwhile, one bank (Gridlay's) said it would start business next week.

WATCHMAN KILLED IN POONA MISHAP

POONA, Jan. 16: A railway watchman was killed and three others injured as the result of an explosion which occurred on the platform of Poona railway station shortly before noon to-day. The object which exploded was in a suit case belonging to a military officer. It is believed the officer concerned had kept in the suit case numerous trophies he had collected during his field service in various theatres of war. While taking the inventory, the clerk evidently dropped the object on the floor which caused the explosion.

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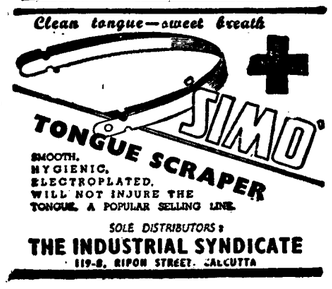

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Princes Realise Subjects' Claims

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): The past week's preparatory discussion among princes and ministers now in Delhi for the annual session of the Princes' Chamber beginning on Thursday may crystallise into a joint statement of constitutional and other policy. Though no official indication has been given, it is believed that the princes generally share a determination to level up the constitutional position of the states as a whole so as to approximate to the standards achieved by the most advanced among them. The Princes are presumed to have taken note of the increasing urge among their subjects for greater association in Government, for a gurantee of fundamental rights and for a further definition of the ruler's attitude to the political changes in British India. Individual rulers have forged ahead with constitutional reforms, separation of the privy purse, provision of education, social and other services on an adequate scale: but it is thought that a considered declaration by a representative body like the Chamber will act as a stimulus to states, which lag behind.

The Chamber may affirm the need for immediate implementation of the Bikaner committee's suggestions.

QUESTION OF PARTICIPATION

It is expected that the Chancellor will in the course of the session make clear what Indian states will do about participation in the constitution making machinery to be set up under the British Government's plan. Unofficial quarters expect that the Chancellor will also make clear that the Princes intend in no way to delay or hinder India's constitutional progress but that on the other hand, they would throw in their weight on the side of an agreed solution emerging from the constitution making body.

IN FAVOUR OF UNION OR FEDERATION

The Princely circles generally are believed to be in favour of a union or federation of India, but should the future constitutional set-up in British India be based on more than one union or federation, then the princes will naturally examine the whole question afresh. In such an examination they will start with the initial framework of a union of their own which exists in the Chamber of Princes.

In addition to the political and constitutional issue, the Chamber's agenda covers questions such as uniformity of taxation; a co-ordinated post-war development plan; approximation of taxation rates on industries to those in British India; the share of the states in civil aviation; the effect on Indian states of the Government of India's social security schemes and joint services.

EX-SERVICES ASSOCIATION

At an informal meeting of ex servicemen and their sympathisers held at the Indian Merchants' Chamber, it was decided to organise an Indian ex-Services Association and a committee was formed to draft the constitution. Those interested are requested to contact Mr. Y. K. Menon, Convenor, at 7, Sosebury House, Merry Weather Road, Bombay, either by post or in person between 2 p.m. and 4 p.m.

LONDON, (By Mail).

The photographing of horse-racing finishes may be adopted in Ireland next year. The proposal is on the agenda of next Friday's joint meeting of the Irish Turf Club and the Irish National Hunt Steeplechase Committee.

Announcing
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIZE BONDS
FOURTH DRAW RESULTS

The following results of the fourth half-yearly draw for prizes in connection with the five-year interest-free Prize Bonds, 1949, held on the 15th January, 1946, at the Sunderbai Hansraj Pragji Hall, Queen's Road, Bombay, are published for general information.

RS. 100 DENOMINATION

Numbers of prize-winning bonds

Prizes	Series A	Series B	Series C	Series D
Rs. 50,000	081346	069859	091139	020824
Rs. 20,000	027767	031162	000579	098774
Rs. 20,000	068477	070675	049256	008621
Rs. 5,000	031258	035778	029388	066797
Rs. 5,000	012628	003884	036131	086371

RS. 10 DENOMINATION

Numbers of prize-winning bonds

Prizes.	Series AA	Series AB	Series AC	Series AD	Series AE	Series AF	Series AG	Series AH	Series AJ	Series AK	Series AL	Series AM	Series AN
Rs. 2,500	099088	016589	065205	065355	046104	033856	037483	016024	067929	011740	002601	008015	086753
Rs. 1,250	032640	041113	028623	021922	099362	046420	081449	093288	077045	012626	001587	059717	050964
Rs. 1,250	020375	082312	095106	040752	033582	093768	010127	091421	055103	084774	055310	027441	078691
Rs. 500	007407	041015	093960	055117	005119	002319	085842	013358	076081	007712	082089	031159	087436
Rs. 500	091347	057171	043206	047944	090501	011460	001516	002957	068084	016189	005513	082777	025380
Rs. 500	059208	010357	077625	080444	067056	019463	010239	001292	048611	051941	098729	006090	044243
Rs. 500	008581	012127	027589	086756	032353	000944	001731	042984	016700	026050	098507	031224	091457
Rs. 500	067401	033786	018941	003719	013925	022703	090219	002851	098280	023479	007292	038544	037367
Rs. 250	083360	033095	018406	005656	078497	077380	021811	006782	061553	080328	051731	043016	071751
Rs. 250	000890	008108	077235	008245	048134	071404	071617	056480	044946	031702	061360	037285	010049
Rs. 250	071677	002927	041309	043580	073634	035013	026484	095733	021405	075575	099550	084467	010262
Rs. 250	044911	002033	015332	036041	008826	015299	015561	030789	085760	064144	087168	069223	016014
Rs. 250	029990	018089	059411	010110	046789	057256	045957	082346	021064	090720	090654	028219	033027
Rs. 250	034044	039056	001949	048101	060282	022533	082359	095865	087228	095996	006274	089315	072451
Rs. 250	022162	070739	036965	042251	016636	066556	097739	089197	033497	022933	084537	046000	030145
Rs 250	099260	087815	056910	062725	038138	080755	032398	090876	047863	006689	073955	070254	081818
Rs. 250	002764	052834	006947	081917	043186	026127	073142	063434	089635	018998	061177	038428	060395
Rs. 250	045563	095146	047157	040093	037356	072909	086296	012710	057898	009886	072537	027814	049311

Prizes drawn at the previous draws and not claimed up to the 15th January, 1946.

Particulars of Unclaimed Prizes.

Date of Draw	Denomination of Bond Rs.	Number of Prize Winning Bond	Amount of Prize Rs.
15-7-1944	10	AA070098	250
		AA086160	250
		AB059993	250
		AC062911	250
		AF036799	250
		AH085499	250
15-1-1945	100	C017198	5,000
	10	AA076072	500
		AA065417	250
		AB079738	1,250
		AB071379	500
		AB062893	500
		AC027627	2,500
		AC064396	500
		AE013428	500
		AE093135	500
		AF024554	1,250
		AF002148	250
		AG062970	500
		AG057642	250
		AG059175	250
		AH078497	250

Particulars of Unclaimed Prizes.

Date of Draw	Denomination of Bond Rs	Number of Prize-Winning Bond	Amount of Prize Rs.
15-1-1945	10	AJ091605	250
		AJ009838	250
		AK046168	500
		AK014716	250
13-7-1945	100	C020947	20,000
	10	AA029225	250
		AB043179	500
		AB057199	250
		AB041658	250
		AB054120	250
		AB031522	250
		AC059063	2,500
		AC011334	1,250
		AC000544	1,250
		AC091205	500
		AC063498	500
		AC006116	500
		AD054866	500
		AD006200	250
		AD000334	250
		AF085241	500

Particulars of Unclaimed Prizes.

Date of Draw	Denomination of Bond Rs.	Number of Prize-Winning Bond	Amount of Prize Rs.
13-7-1945	10	AF075996	250
		AF075377	250
		AF096895	250
		AF002108	250
		AF073712	250
		AG020218	500
		AH030628	500
		AH001100	250
		AH011069	250
		AJ001315	1,250
		AJ061305	500
		AJ071662	500
		AJ010205	250
		AJ077411	250
		AJ088774	250
		AK070065	500
		AL066307	2,500
		AL057826	250
		AL009488	250
		AM037410	250
		AM001987	250
		AN010114	500
		AN020093	250

ISSUED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. AAA523

Wall Street Irregular After Early Rise

Cotton Traders Await Developments Following Ceiling Announcement

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.

Wall Street opened firm and active. Stocks continued to advance with walkout of 200,000 electrical workers accentuating inflationary arguments. Hopes of quick settlement of labour disputes were considered forces and around noon there were gains ranging from a fraction to more than one dollar. During the afternoon rails leading industrials and utilities led the advance to another fifteen year peak in one of the fastest cession for several years, although profit taking stemmed the drive somewhat. Extreme advances fell below their best towards the closing and scattered losers appeared with a few isolated swings of more than six points. The session closed irregular.

American Telephone 193_1/2 (192_3/4), Amerex Corpn. 37_1/2 (38), Anaconda Copper 48_3/8 (48_1/8), Chase National 46 (46_3/8), Sinclair Oil 20_5/8 (20_1/2), Firestone Tyre 76_1/4 (76), General Electric 48_1/8 (48_3/4), General Motors 73_5/8 (73_1/2), Ingersol Rand 143 (143), International Nickel 39_1/2 (40), National City Bank 48 (48_3/8), New York Central 35_1/8 (34_3/8), Socony Vacuum Corpn. 17_3/8 (17_1/2), Texas Corpn. 61_1/4 (61_1/4), Union Carbon 109 (109_1/2), U. S. Smelting 76 (77), U. S. Steel Corpn. 89_3/4 (89_3/8), Western Union Telegraph 52 (52_1/4).

N. Y. COTTON QUIET.

New York Cotton market opened barely steady owing to the resumption of selling due to the overnight offer of price administration's announcement on the intended ceiling on the next cotton crop but it failed to influence any real selling pressure and the market quickly steadied. Covering was influenced by renewed buoyance in securities and rather more encouraging labour news with the ever present inflation talk still a bullish factor. Some replacement buying of new crops was evidently based on the fact that the intended ceilings would be facing many obstacles particularly from the cotton bloc. Profit taking subsequently checked the rally with subsidence of support bringing quieter conditions. Generally the ceiling announcement caused little surprise of little expansion of business after the initial selling flurry while expectation of a strong southern opposition failed to influence much speculative support. At midday the market was quiet. In the afternoon little activity was evident prices fluctuated narrowly influenced by small orders either way. Traders were awaiting developments following the ceiling announcement and also as regards the labour situation. Finally the market steadied on trade and local support.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Chicago grains drifted irregularly with Washington price control and ceiling uncertainties, restricting activity. Meanwhile May rye displayed independent stability reflecting continued tight statistical position and firmness of Winnipeg.

May 1.80_1/2 bid (1.80_1/2 bid).
July 1.78_1/2 asked (1.78_3/8 to 1.78_3/8).
September 1.76_1/2 to 1.76_1/2 (1.76_1/2 to 1.76_1/2).

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan. 15.

January	24.26—08
March	24.51—08
March highest (10_34 a.m.)	24.60+01
March lowest (10 a.m.)	24.51—08
May	24.48—02
July	24.29—06
October	23.74—01
December	23.68—02
January	23.65—01
Middling Spot	25.20—08

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

March	24.53—03
May	24.47—04
July	24.30—05
October	23.74—
December	23.68—
Middling Spot	24.30—

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

March	24.56
May	24.50
July	24.33

ASSAM TREASURY BILLS.

Tenders for Rs. Three Crores of three months' Government of Assam Treasury Bills will be received at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay and Calcutta, up to 11 a.m. on Thursday, the 24th January.

Successful tenderers will be required to make payment and take up their bills on Saturday, the 26th January.

LONDON BULLION.

London, Jan. 15.

Spot 44d. Forward 44d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/12/3.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Jan. 15.

T. T. London on:—

New York sellers 4.02_1/2 buyers 4.03_1/2, Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43, buyers 4.45 Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4 Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Jan. 15.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (new crop) unoffered, Australian Wheat (bulk) 61 quoted Jan./Feb., Australian Wheat (bags) unoffered.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan. 15.

	£
Rupee Paper 3_1/2 p c	75
Consols 2_1/2 p c	91_7/8
Conversion Loan 3_1/2 p c 1961	107-1/4
War Loan 3_1/2 p c	104_3/16
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	114
Victory Bonds 4 p c	114_7/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	10_7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.)	90
National Bank of India	41_3/4

N. Y. SILVER.

New York, Jan. 15.

United States price of Foreign Silver 71_1 cents.

New Yok buying price 70_34 cents.

Unable To Buy Cotton In Free American Market

LONDON, Jan. 15. (U. P. A.): The Cotton Control is buying 80,000 bales of high quality raw cotton costing two million pounds sterling through the Liverpool Cotton Market, it was learned here to-day. The London Cotton control was unable to buy cotton in the free American market.

Worth Street Trading Small

NEW YORK, Jan. 15. (U. P. A.): To-day's session on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market was featured by buyers crowding into the cotton goods market, trying to locate additional supplies.

However, they continued to find the mills either withdrawn or allocating small quantities against nearby production.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Four Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 15th January. Total amount offered was Rs. 50,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99_14_3 were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was 40,25,000 the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0_7_0 per cent. per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Four Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday the 22nd January in Bombay upto 11 A.M. and upto the close of business on Monday the 21st January at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 25th January. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 11th January Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,53,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, January 16.

Cocoanuts Raw 140; Dry 125; Cocoanut Oil 525; Copra Office 345; Dil pasand 355; Madras Nottam 350; Goodgooda 330; Pepper Wynaad 410; Country 400; Dry Ginger Chernard 350; Ernad 340; Coffee Robusta 90.

KUTCH HUNDI

BHUJ, Jan. 16.

Fall in Hundi due to recent ordinance regarding withdrawing 500 and 1,000 currency notes.

Not Just a Hair Oil but a Hair Tonic

Modern conditions of life demand an oil which is not merely a fixative. Your need is for an oil which strengthens and invigorates your hair, imparts it a lustre, and keeps the scalp healthy. That oil is Mukul, made from rare herbs according to a tried formula.

Revitalises hair glands • Dislodges dandruff • Prevents baldness • Improves eyesight.

Mukul HAIR OIL

Ayurvedashram Pharmacy Ltd
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LADIES and GENTS desirous to increase their height and weight and to look 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age and to get lovely improvement in features and charms like past young days when the skin was smooth and fresh. Write for FREE Booklet and live for 100 years young, fit, strong and healthy with Roses on the face. Write address in BLOCK LETTERS.

THE WHITEWAY CHEMICAL WORKS
P.O. Box No. 320, Lahore.

NO TRADING IN SHARE BAZAR

Clerks Abstain From Business

BOMBAY, Jan. 16.

The Share Bazar was officially open to-day but no business was done as clerks observed Hartal against increased working due to two sessions.

The Share Bazar opens at 12 noon and closes at 2 p.m. and again it opens at 3 p.m. and closes at 4 p.m. Thus clerical staff has two long hours to finish day's routine work. The Board instead of having one session of three hours is wasting one hour between 2 p.m. and 3 p.m. and clerks have to sit in offices late hours. There is more sense in the protest and the Stock Exchange authorities will do well by restoring old trading hours.

BOMBAY COTTON

The local cotton market opened to-day at Rs. 433 for March delivery and advanced to Rs. 435/8 on moderate support from professional operators.

In view of the approaching monthly teji mandi settlement the market is steady and is expected to move within a narrow range.

Later on there was further buying and March improved to Rs. 436/12 and steadied at Rs. 336/8.

Later on the market was steady and finally closed at 5.30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. January	431	0	0
I.C.C. March	436	8	0
I.C.C. May	445	8	0
I.C.C. July	455	12	0

GOLD & SILVER

The deadlock in the Bombay Bullion Market continues and no business was done. There was a further meeting of the Board to consider the situation. As per the last decision the market is declared free from the emergency and restriction on price movement is removed. But a section believes that when once an emergency was declared and both maximum and minimum quotations were fixed now the same can not be removed until the settlement is over. Thus traders are awaiting further developments.

Later on trading was resumed and Forward Gold was quoted at Rs. 84/11 and Forward Silver after opening at Rs. 137 improved to Rs. 138/2.

Today's meeting declared that the state of emergency exists and wanted members to close all out open business as far as possible in gold between Rs. 81 and Rs. 65 and Silver between Rs. 136/- and Rs. 140/- and a list of open business is to be submitted on the 17th inst. to the Clearing House with the amount of gold and silver to be delivered. The delivery of Gold will be done on the 22nd and Silver on the 23rd inst.

Thereafter trading was resumed and closing quotations were as under.

Ready Gold	89	0	0
Forward Gold	84	9	0
Sovereigns	65	0	0
Ready Silver	139	0	0
Forward Silver	138	2	0

BOMBAY PRODUCE

The local produce market was quietly steady on reports of some Linseed business with Australia. It is believed that this year the Groundnut crop in Madras being small some restrictions might be placed on exports. Groundnuts Bombay Khandesh quality Rs. 18/7 and Goa December February Rs. 18/4 while Bold were quoted at Rs. 17/15. Castorseeds Bombay-Goa and Navlakhi stood at Rs. 16/8. Linseed ready Rs. 20/5 and February-March as well as March-May was quoted at Rs. 20/5.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Jan. 16.

Tata Ordinary 470, Tata Deferred 2580, Indian Iron 52/8 Steel Corpn. Bengal 44, Bombay Dyeing 2165 Central India 427/8, Century 950, Gokak 330, Kohinoor 675, Simplex 333, Andhra Valley 1850, Tata Hydro 218/2, Tata Power 1965, Associated Cement 335, Belapur 240, Bombay Burma (Old) 610.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 for the week ended the 11th day of January.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	9,34,82,000
Notes in circulation	12,26,58,25,000
Total Notes issued	12,35,93,07,000
Total Liabilities	12,35,93,07,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 94.240 per cent.

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
Sterling Securities	11,20,32,89,000
Total of A	11,64,74,34,000
B. Rupee Coin	13,34,58,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57,84,15,000
Total Assets	12,35,93,07,000

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	472,34,56,000
(2) Government of Burma	1,86,83,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	16,94,42,000
(b) Banks	77,66,55,000
(c) Others	41,22,13,000
Bills Payable	3,04,81,000
Other Liabilities	14,68,89,000
Rupees	607,78,19,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	9,34,82,000
Rupee Coin	41,29,000
Subsidiary Coin	2,10,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
Government Treasury Bills	7,87,87,000
Balances held abroad	551,79,93,000
Loans and Advances to Governments;	
Other Loans and Advances	50,00,000
Investments	28,58,80,000
Other Assets	9,23,38,000
Rupees	607,78,19,000

Detentions In Jails Hamper Elections

G. B. Pant Demands Release Of Detenus From U. P. Jail

LUCKNOW, Jan. 15, (A. P. I.): "It is in every way improper and against all cannons of civil liberty to detain people without trial", said Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, ex-Premier U. P. in a Press interview to-day, when his attention was drawn to a news item published in a section of the press that no detenus in U. P. jails will be released as a result of six monthly revision of their cases by the U. P. Government.

Pandit Pant concluded: "Apart from other things such detention greatly handicaps the Congress in the elections and if the elections are really intended to be fair and free all Congressmen who are still in detention should be released forthwith."

CASTE HINDU AND HARIJAN WORKERS FIGHT.

NAGPUR, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): Members of Scheduled Castes Federation who recognise Dr. B. R. Ambedkar as their leader, registered their protest against alleged excesses perpetrated on some members of the Scheduled Castes Federation in Bombay during recent primary elections from the Scheduled Castes constituencies when two Scheduled Castes men professing allegiance to the Federation died in clashes.

There are indications of strained feelings between textile workers belonging to the Scheduled Castes Federation and Caste Hindu workers in Nagpur and minor incidents have already occurred between supporters of rival groups on the advisability of embarking on the general strike from to-morrow.

Police precautions have been strengthened to maintain peaceful conditions in mill areas and certain other localities.

FOOD SITUATION IN MADRAS PROVINCE SERIOUS

MADRAS, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): It is understood that the food situation in this province is such that the Government of Madras feel adequate allotments of rice should soon arrive from outside to meet the deficit in production due to various causes particularly adverse seasonal conditions.

It is considered likely that Sir S. V. Ramamurthi adviser to H. E. The Governor in charge of food will proceed to Delhi shortly to reinforce the demands of the Madras Government to the Government of India by personal discussion with the Food Department at the centre and Mr. A. H. F. W. Dixon, Commissioner of Civil Supplies may accompany him.

Rice Merchants' Deputation For Rangoon

BOMBAY, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): A deputation of Indian rice merchants led by Mr. M. A. Master the retiring President, and Mr. Hasham Premji, incoming President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, and ten other members of the Indian Rice Merchants' Conference will leave for Rangoon on January 25 to meet the Agricultural Projects Board of Burma, the A. P. I. learns.

Central Museum Of Art

CALCUTTA, Jan. 15 (A.P.I.): The Central Advisory Board of Archaeology, had its meeting in Calcutta, approved the principle of a Central Indian Museum of Art, Archaeology and Anthropology. It recommended the immediate appointment of a Select Committee by the Central Government to work out details and asked that in due course the Committee's report should be placed before the Board.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay Jan. 16

LONDON: Banks buying 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 1 to 4 months, London Banks buying 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 5 and 6 months.

B. C. RATES: T. T. 1/5 15/16 D. D 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T. T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D. 1/6 1/16.

LONDON/NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T. T. Rs. 332 3/4 D. D. Rs 332 3/4.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D. D. Rs 328 1/2

LONDON/MONTREAL:—

Banks selling T. T. Rs. 302 1/2 D D Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 299 D. D. Rs 297 1/2.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quieter.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c Bank of England Rate 2 p c.

Money:—Call one and two months 1/4 p c. 3 to 6 months 1/2 p c 6 to 11 months 3/4 p c. 12 months 1 1/4 p c. Tone:— Some demand.

COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton March Contract is 779 cent points under New York March at Exchange rate 331.

Labour Declares War In U. S.

Industry Paralysed

NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (Reuter): The United States reconversion programme suffered a severe set-back today when electrical workers walked out in 16 States. It meant complete cessation of the manufacture of refrigerators, washing machines, oil-heaters, radio lamps, and other home appliances.

The strike was caused by the workers demands for a 30 per cent wage increase from Westing House General Electric and the electrical division of General Motors.

Nearly 300,000 meat industry workers are expected to strike at midnight tonight unless Government conciliators succeed in efforts to avert the shut-down which would mean countrywide hold-up of meat supply.

There are no signs of the end of strikes by General Motors automobile employees and Western Union Telegraph operators.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15. (Reuter): President Harry Truman said at a press conference to-night that if Congress had approved his Fact-Finding Board plan, the General Motors Corporation would have been forced to pay attention to it, and the strike involving 250,000 workers would now have been over.

He believed that General Motors, who had so far refused to take any notice of the Fact-Finding Board's report, would do so sometime in future.

Asked about the United States strike situation, President Truman said he could give no news, nor had he any new machinery in mind to tackle the problem.

The Westing House Electric Corporation, whose employees are among the 200,000 United States electrical workers who went on strike to-day, has told the workers union that it will end the wage contract for its 57,000 employees on March 31.

AUSTRALIAN DOCKERS READY TO LOAD DUTCH SHIPS.

SYDNEY, Jan. 15. (Reuter): The Australian Dock Workers' Unions have offered to load Dutch ships, now held up at Australian ports, with cargoes for the Netherlands East Indies, if manned by Australian crews or worked under an Australian charter.

Alternatively, they have offered to load ships under Dutch control provided an undertaking is given that all cargoes on reaching the Netherlands East Indies are handed over to the British Commander-in-Chief, General Christison, or the Red Cross for distribution and provided a Government observer travelled in each ship.

Mr. William P. Ashley, the Australian Minister of Supply and Shipping, said that if the Union's proposals were acceptable to the Dutch supplies could be made available to enable the first vessel to leave within three days. The Dutch have not yet replied to this offer.

NARENDRA DEV DEMANDS ENQUIRY INTO GWALIOR FIRING.

LUCKNOW, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): An impartial enquiry into the police firing in the Birla Mills, Gwalior is demanded by Acharya Narendra Deo, Member of the Congress Working Committee, in a statement to the Associated Press of India.

Acharya Narendra Deo says, "A serious situation has developed in the labour strike at Birla Mills of Gwalior by police high-handedness. The strike is reported to have been of a peaceful character and as such there seems to be no case for police interference.

The public is naturally very much agitated on the whole affair and the report is that there is a general strike in Gwalior Lashker and Morar. Indiscriminate firing by police has resulted in several casualties. The charges are grave and the least that can be done by the State is to order a judicial open enquiry by men in whose integrity and impartiality workers and other sections of the public have full confidence.

RUSSIAN JOURNALISTS FOR PALESTINE

TEL AVIV (By Mail): A party of Russian journalists representing the Moscow Press is expected to arrive shortly in Palestine to report on the country and the political situation, according to the Tel Aviv paper "Haretz."

Hitherto the Mocosw Press has been served only by brief news items on current developments and not by any comprehensive review of the country's problems, states "Haaretz."

INDIAN MILITARY MISSION TO BERLIN

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16 (API): An Indian Military Mission will proceed to Berlin to safeguard the position of Indian nationals and interests in Germany and to watch the military situation as it affects Indian interests, says a Press Note. Major-General D. Stuart has been appointed head of the mission.

Members of the Mission are Col. S. M. Srinagesh, Kumaon Regiment, and two other officers.

Kripalani To Tour Tamil Nad

MADRAS, Jan. 16. (U.P.I.): It is learnt that Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress will shortly undertake a tour of Tamil Nad for about ten days.

Acharya Kripalani who is expected to arrive here on or about February 8, in connection with the Tamil Nad Provincial Students, Congress Session has been requested by Mr. K. Kamaraj Nadar, President, Tamil Nad Congress Committee, to undertake a tour of the Province in connection with the election campaign.

ATTACK ON CIVIL LIBERTIES IN KENYA

(From Our Correspondent)

NAIROBI, Jan 15.

The Executive of the Civil Liberties Union of Kenya draw attention towards the increasing inroads into Civil Liberties of Kenya, people, and freedom of Press in particular as evidenced by two prosecutions and of a search within the last nine months of "The Colonial Times", a prominent Indian weekly of Nairobi.

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- Will serve you well IN THE FUTURE

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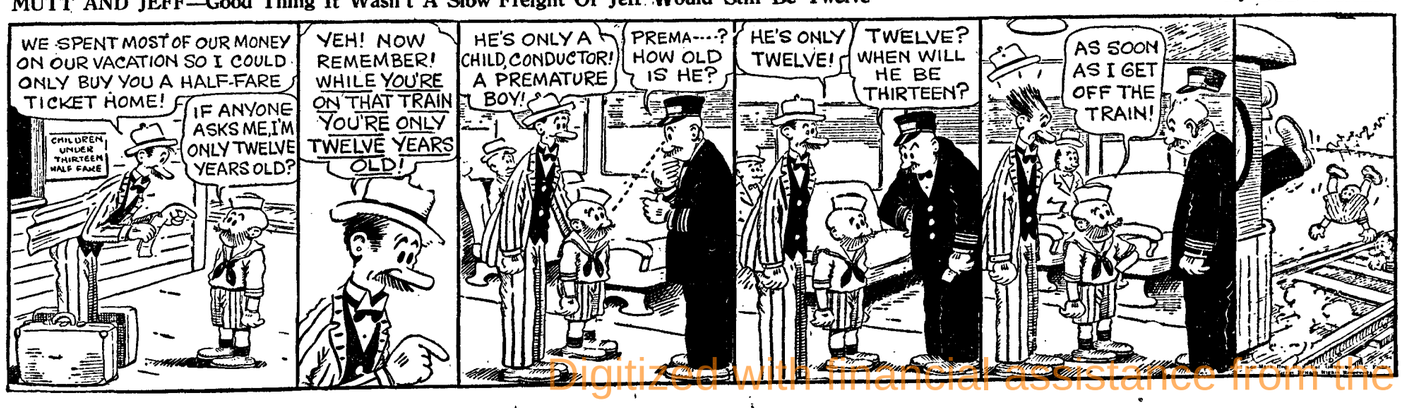
WE SPENT MOST OF OUR MONEY ON OUR VACATION SO I COULD ONLY BUY YOU A HALF-FARE TICKET HOME!
CHILDREN UNDER THIRTEEN HALF FARE
IF ANYONE ASKS ME, I'M ONLY TWELVE YEARS OLD?
YEH! NOW REMEMBER! WHILE YOU'RE ON THAT TRAIN YOU'RE ONLY TWELVE YEARS OLD!
HE'S ONLY A CHILD, CONDUCTOR! A PREMATURE BOY!
PREMA---? HOW OLD IS HE?
HE'S ONLY TWELVE!
TWELVE? WHEN WILL HE BE THIRTEEN?
AS SOON AS I GET OFF THE TRAIN!

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If you want any kind of Employment in India or abroad apply for our Terms mentioning your qualifications. Kapoor & Co., Employments agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (601)

Wanted — Qualified Accountants and an Internal Auditor for a large commercial firm and collieries. Apply stating salary required with copies of testimonials to Box No. 597, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Muslim Workers throughout India, having literary and religious service taste to work in their spare time locally. Good results. Apply sharp. A.M.M. Opp. Sagar, Chaman, Hyderabad (Dn.) (602)

If you want any kind of Employment in India or Abroad, apply (stating qualifications) for our "Terms". Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (586)

Wanted a B. Sc. with Physics Principal. Salary 50-5/2-80 with dearness allowance of Rs. 19-8-0. Apply immediately to the Principal, Samaldas College, Bhavnagar. (578)

Excellent opportunity exists for able Sales Organiser with large European firm. Qualifications—Considerable experience of pharmaceuticals on All-India basis. First class appointment for the right man with impressive immediate and future prospects. Write full details to Box No. 6243, "Bombay Chronicle."

Keen, alert Salesmen wanted by important European firm distributing fast-selling line. Good prospects because the product is universally needed and has monopoly appeal. Salary and allowances. Write stating previous experience and full details to Box No 6244, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a high class Commercial Artist on pay or partnership by a Publicity firm, situation Chandni-Chowk, apply Chandra—Post Box 248, Delhi. (6252)

Wanted—A Copyholder on Salary of Rs. 50/- plus dearness allowance of Rs. 12-8 as. minimum qualification matriculation. Apply with certificate to the Manager "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS WANTED

Young matriculated intelligent clerk experienced in Government office routine for eighteen months with knowledge of typing seeks any kind of suitable job. Apply Box No. 598, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Factory and Godown accommodation required in or near Bombay by leading European firm. Room for future expansion necessary. Write full details to Box No. 6241, "Bombay Chronicle."

Office accommodation, minimum 4,500 sq. ft. required in Fort Area by leading European firm, either immediately or in 2|3 months' time. Write full details to Box No. 6242, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Get Medical Diplomas at home:—Ayurvedic, Homeopathic, Unani Prospectus free. Old Indian Medical College, Kotgarh, Simla 5954

A New Batch for New Students—Davar's College of Commerce—Applications for New Classes invited. Specialised Courses in Banking, Company Secretaries, Accountancy, General Commerce, Gregg Shorthand etc. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (606)

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted Typewriters, Standard or Portable, Communicate:— Bhatia & Co., 236, Kalbadevi Rd. (545)

Wanted—100 two ft. Narrow gauge trucks, any capacity, new or second hand. Ramchander Balabakhsh, Sambhar Lake. (583)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale. White Dextrin. Yellow Dextrin, British Gum, Laxmi Brand Paste Powder and other Textile products. Ready Stocks available. Apply for particulars to Eastern Import Agency. Samuel Street, Bombay. (538)

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Wanted Agents or wholesale Dealers, the Luxmi Button Mfg. Co., Dacca, Bengal. (599)

Wanted for different provinces in India reliable agents experienced in the drug line for pushing the products of a well-known manufacturing Calcutta Firm with several well-known Calcutta Doctors and consultants as Directors. Apply stating terms and conditions and references to Box No. 6275 "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

ORDER.

Finance Department (Supply), Bombay Castle, 15th January 1946.

No. IV-A:—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to make amendments in the Orders issued in Government Notifications in the Finance Department (Supply) specified in column 1 of the Schedule hereto annexed, to the extent and in the manner mentioned in column 2 thereof.

SCHEDULE

ORDERS. 1	AMENDMENTS. 2
PART I	
(i) No. 48-IV dated the 21st May, 1943.	At the end of each of the Orders the following Explanation shall be added, namely:— "Explanation.—For the purposes of this Order, the "Bombay Suburban District" means the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October, 1945."
(ii) No. 45, dated the 22nd May, 1943.	
(iii) No. 404, dated the 26th May, 1943.	
(iv) No. 45-IV, dated the 28th May, 1943.	
(v) No. 54-A/IV, dated the 21st August 1943.	
(vi) No. 48/IV, dated the 27th September, 1943.	
(vii) No. 54-IV, dated the 6th November 1943, relating to the removal of cocoanut oil, copra and copra cake.	
(viii) No. 54-IV, dated the 9th November, 1943.	
(ix) No. 644-B, dated the 24th November, 1943.	
(x) No. 45-A, dated the 31st December, 1943.	
(xi) No. 54-A, dated the 19th January, 1944.	
(xii) No. 45/IV-B, dated the 4th March, 1944	
(xiii) No 44/1/109979 dated the 22nd April, 1944.	
(xiv) No. 412-IV, dated the 5th August, 1944.	
PART II	
(1) No. 44-A(1)/IV, dated the 22nd, August, 1945.	After the first paragraph of the Order, the following Explanation shall be inserted namely:— "Explanation.—For the purposes of this Order, the "Bombay Suburban District" means the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October 1945."
PART III	
(i) No. 54(2)/IV-A, dated 15th November, 1944.	The existing Explanation to each of the Orders shall be numbered as 'Explanation') and after the Explanation so numbered the following shall be added, namely:— "Explanation 2.—For the purposes of this Order, the "Bombay Suburban District" means the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October, 1945."
(ii) No. 54(3)/IV-A, dated the 29th November, 1944.	
(iii) No. 45/IV-A, dated the 30th November, 1944.	
(iv) No. 44(1)/IV, dated the 12th July, 1945.	
PART IV	
(i) No. 45-C, dated the 31st December, 1943.	Before the Form appended to the Order, the following explanation shall be added, namely:— Explanation.—For the purposes of this Order, the "Bombay Suburban District" means the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October 1945."

With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of the above Order should be given by—

(a) publication of the same in the Bombay Government Gazette;

(b) publication of the same in the following newspapers, namely:—

(1) The "Times of India", Bombay. (2) The "Bombay Chronicle", Bombay. (3) The "Free Press Journal", Bombay. (4) The "Morning Standard", Bombay. (5) The "Navakal", Bombay. (6) The "Navashakti", Bombay. (7) The "Janmabhumi", Bombay. (8) The "Vatan", Bombay. (9) The "Mumbai Samachar", Bombay. (10) The "Jam-e-Jamshed", Bombay. (11) The "Iqbal", Bombay. (12) The "Inquilab", Bombay. (13) The "Vishwamitra", Bombay.

By order of the Governor of Bombay,
D. S. BAKHLE,
Joint Secretary to Government.
6269

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Regional (Disposals) Commissioner
Phoenix Building Ballard Estate
Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for purchase and removal of one motor launch "Sappho" lying at R. I. N. Dockyard, Bombay.

2. Description: It is fitted with a Deutz 25 H.P. 2 cylinder diesel engine with hulls and fittings. Extreme length 42' 6"; length 33' 6"; Breadth 11' 0", Depth 4' 0" capacity—cargo 12 tons; oil tanks 28 gallons.

3. The launch will be sold without any guarantee as to its condition and subject to conditions of Contract Con. 117 (copy obtainable from Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery, Queen's Road, Bombay).

4. The launch can be inspected at site by previous appointment with the Manager, Construction Department, H.M.I. Dockyard, Bombay and the fittings can be inspected at D. G. S. R.'s Godown at Wadi Bunder.

5. Offers in tenderers' own form in a sealed cover superscribed Tender No. CS|SYD|4593 Due on 31-1-1946, should reach this office not later than 4 p. m. on 31-1-1946. Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 1000|- deposited as earnest money in Imperial Bank or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of the Regional Disposals Commissioner Bombay under Head of Account "Revenue Deposits." The Deposit is refundable to unsuccessful tenderers.

6. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 20-2-46 Delivery should be completed ex-site within fifteen days of receipt of acceptance of offer.

7. This office is at liberty to reject all or any portion of offers received.
(6273)

Finance Department (Supply), Bombay Castle, 8th January, 1946.

ORDER

DEFENCE OF INDIA RULES.

No. 564|VII. In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule 2 of Rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to amend the Bombay Cotton Cloth Trade Regulation Order as follows, namely:

After clause 3 the following new Clause shall be inserted, namely:

"3A. When granting a licence the Licensing Authority should insert the condition that the dealer should carry on business only in certain categories of cloth to be specified by the Licensing Authority from time to time by general or special orders."

With reference to sub-rule 1 of Rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of this amendment should be given by,

(a) the publication of the same in the Bombay Government Gazette; (b) the publication of the same in the following newspapers, namely: (1) 'Times of India', (2) 'Bombay Chronicle', (3) 'Free Press Journal,' (4) 'Morning Standard', (5) 'Nava Kal', (6) 'Vividh Vritta', (7) 'Jam-e-Jamshed', (8) 'Bombay Samachar', (9) 'Mumbai Vartaman', (10) 'Samyukta Karnatak' (11) Dnyan Prakash, (12) 'Kesari,' (13) 'Ajmal,' (14) Roznam-e-Khilafat.

By order of the Governor of Bombay,
(Sd.) J. BOOTH,
Joint Secretary,
Finance Department (Supply).
(6270)

NOTICE

OFFICE accommodation, minimum 4,500 sq. ft. required in Fort Area by leading European firm, either immediately or in 2|3 months' time. Write full details to Box No. 6242, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS
(DISPOSALS DIRECTORATE)

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of the following Chemicals available at places shown against them.

	NAME	QUANTITY	LOCATION.
1.	GLYCERINE	1,300 cwts.	Cordite Factory, Aruvankadu.
2.	MERCURY.	7,200 lbs.	H.E. Factory, Kirkee.
3.	ACID BORIC CRYSTALLINE.	29 tons.	-do-

2. The stores are in good condition and were purchased to Government specifications but will be sold subject to the conditions of the contract laid down in form Con. 117 which can be seen at the offices of the Regional Commissioners at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Cawnpore, Karachi and Lahore and Director of Disposals, New Delhi.

3. The stores can be inspected at site on permits to be issued by Director of Disposals, New Delhi, on request.

4. Offers in tenderer's own form in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. DGD|SR-2930|CHM" should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 500|- deposited as earnest money in the Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of Director of Disposals, New Delhi.

5. Tenders should reach Director of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, by 4 p.m. on 29-1-46.

6. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 10-2-46.

7. Delivery of the stores will be ex-site and removal should be completed within a fortnight of the date of acceptance of the tender.

8. Tenderers are at liberty to quote for the entire quantities or portions thereof.

9. Rates should be quoted for the units stated against each item.
(6228)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Regional Disposals Commissioner
Phoenix Building, Ballard Estate
BOMBAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for purchase and removal of the following launch Hulls lying at Trombay.

ITEM NO.	NOMENCLATURE	QUANTITY.	CONDITION.
1	Motor Launch Hulls 75' long and made of soft wood.	3 Nos.	Unfit for use in tropical waters.

2. The hulls will be sold without any guarantee as to their condition or quantity and subject to Condition of Contract Con. 117 (Copy obtainable from Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery, Queen's Road, Bombay).

3. Permits to inspect the hulls can be had from this office.

4. Offers in tenderers' own form in a sealed cover superscribed Tender No. RCS|SYD|4783 Due on 31-1-1946 should reach this office not later than 4 p. m. on 31-1-1946. Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 500|- deposited as earnest money in Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay under Head of Account "Revenue Deposits." The Deposit is refundable to unsuccessful tenderers.

5. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 20-12-1946 Delivery should be completed ex site within fifteen days of receipt of acceptance of offer.

6. Tenderers will be at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof. Rates should be quoted per number.
(6272)

THE PHALTAN SUGAR WORKS LIMITED, SAKHARWADI.
(Phaltan State).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FOURTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Phaltan Sugar Works Ltd., will be held on 15th February, 1946, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.) at the Factory Office of the Company at Sakharwadi, Phaltan to transact the following business:—

(1). To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th September 1945.
(2) To sanction payment of Dividend.
(3) To elect Director in place of Mr. Arvind N. Mafatlal, who retires by rotation, but being eligible offers himself for re-election.
(4) To appoint Auditors for the Current Year and fix their remuneration.
(5) To transact any other business that may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed from 1-2-1946 to 28-2-1946, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
For Mafatlal, Apte & Kantilal Ltd.
V. S. APTE,
Managing Director,
Managing Agents.

Sakharwadi, (Phaltan).
Date, 20-1-1946.

N.B.—The Dividend when declared will be made payable at the Factory Office at Sakharwadi on and after 15-3-1946. The Dividend Warrants will be posted to those shareholders whose names stand on Company's register on 31-1-1946.
(6267)

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO. LTD.
S. D. 30
LOST TEMPORARY RECEIPT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Temporary Receipt No. 58316 in respect of Twenty Ordinary shares Nos. 410661 to 410670, 62338 to 62342, 505316 to 505320 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Ltd. standing in the name of Mr. Nissim Ezekiel Marshall has been lost, mislaid or destroyed. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered Office, Electric House, Bombay, No. 1, within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate Temporary Receipt will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

(Sd.) NISSIM EZEKIEL MARSHALL.

Dated 17-1-'46.
(603)

NOTICE

FACTORY and Godown accommodation required in or near Bombay by leading European firm. Room for future expansion necessary. Write full details to Box No. 6241, "Bombay Chronicle."

NOTICE

EXCELLENT opportunity exists for able SALES ORGANISER with large European firm. Qualifications—Considerable experience of pharmaceuticals on All-India basis. First class appointment for the right man with impressive immediate and future prospects. Write full details to Box No. 6243, "Bombay Chronicle."

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the temporary posts of Typists on Rs. 50-5/2-90 and Stenographers on Rs. 100 p. m. in the office of the Provincial Industries Committee. Applications giving details of qualifications, age, domicile, speed in typing and/or shorthand should reach the Secretary, Provincial Industries Committee, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay by 26-1-1946.
(6266)

NOTICE.

WANTED for the post of an Appraiser a Registered Accountant or a Bachelor of Commerce who has passed his B. Com. Examination with Advanced Accountancy as his special subject and who has practical knowledge of commercial accounts and procedure, purchase and sale contracts and shipping formalities. Persons with knowledge of Gujrati script will be preferred. Pay Rs. 200-15-380 (Efficiency Bar)-20-500 with war allowance. Appointment on temporary basis. Applications giving age and full particulars of educational qualifications and practical experience should reach the Export Trade Controller, New Custom House, Bombay, not later than 31st January, 1946.
6274

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. JERBAI B. A. VAKIL and others have contracted to sell to Messrs. D. C. Oomrigar & Co., Ltd., the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim to the said property by way of inheritance, gift, lease, lien, maintenance, charge, sale or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at 354, Abdul Rahman Street, Opposite The Crawford Market, Bombay, within Fourteen Days from the date hereof, otherwise the same will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land, situated on the Elphinstone Estate of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement TWO HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT SQUARE YARDS AND SIX-NINTHS OF ANOTHER SQUARE YARD OR thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the NORTH by Surat Street, on or towards the SOUTH by land belonging to the said Trustees and leased to Khatau Damji and another, on or towards The EAST by Argyle Road and on or towards the WEST by land, belonging to the said Trustees leased to Rawjee Mohanjee which said premises are registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay under Cadastral Survey No. 73 (Princess Dock Division) and are situated in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are now in the occupation of the said Vendors.

C. O. OOMRIGAR.
(6279)

PUBLIC NOTICES

SHERIFF'S NOTICE TO JURORS.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Fourth Criminal Sessions of 1945 which commenced on the 17th September 1945, has this day been dissolved.

Dated this the 15th day of January, 1946.

A. A. JASDENVALA.
Sheriff of Bombay.
6276

G. I. P. RLY. NOTICE.

GATE NOS. 6 & 7 at miles 4/29 and 4/14 between Vadala and Sewri on the Harbour Branch will be closed to road traffic from 9-00 P.M. on 17/1/46 and 19/1/46 to 6-00 A.M. on 18/1/46 and 20/1/46 respectively for relaying tracks.
6277

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Messrs. JAGMOHANDAS MANGALDAS, GATULAL MANGALDAS and VASANTLAL MANGALDAS have contracted to sell to a client of ours a property at Khotachiwadi Girgaum admeasuring 70 6/9, Square yards bearing C. S. 1446 of Girgaum Division and Municipal D Ward No. 1139 Street No. 86.

All persons having any claims against the said property are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims and the same if any will be considered as waived.

Dated this 15th day of January, 1946.

M. N. MANKAR & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
6278

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF PARAPHERNALIA ARTICLES AND STOCK-IN-TRADE OF GOLAK NATAK SAMAJ WITH ITS GOODWILL.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver High Court in Suit No. 1376 of 1945 (Manilal Bhimji Kothari v/s Dharamsey Devji Mistry) Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by public auction TODAY THURSDAY, the 17th January, 1946, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Bombay Theatre at Grant Road Corner the goods relating to the Golak Natak Samaj its Goodwill, paraphernalia articles and stock-in-trade such as:

All sorts of wearing apparels, Sitar, Tambura, Imitation Ornaments etc.

Terms: 25% Deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF MISCELLANEOUS STORES.

Under instruction from the Controller of Supplies (Disposals) Branch Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 21st January, 1946, at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Salvage Transit Depot Colaba the undermentioned:—

Jacks and foot pumps, Ferrous plates and sheets, asstd. pipes of petrol, bath tubs cistern and plates, shafts and screws, angle, iron, chassis, ferrous, galvanised iron sheets buckets, Utensils ferrous, Wheels, canvass hose, sheets tarpaulins capes, gunny, glass bottles, ghee and biscuit tins, card board cartons, 4/5 gal. drums, 4 gal. black plates etc. etc.

Terms: 25% Deposit.

BENNETT & CO

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Beltings Buffers, etc. manufactured by THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES LTD. highly approved by the Mills. Apply Selling Agents, THE INDUSTRIAL LEATHER CO., LTD, 9, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay. Phone: 33609.

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Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.